

BGK's role in the implementation of EU financial instruments in Poland – experiences and challenges ahead

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Bank Gospodarstwa Krajowego





- HQ in Warsaw
- 16 branches
- Ca. 1400 employees



The only state owned development bank in Poland

- Supervised by the Ministry of Economic Development
- Subject to oversight by the National Financial Supervision Authority (KNF)
- Strong State support

BGK's activity on the following acts:

- Act on Bank Gospodarstwa Krajowego (14 March 2003 as amended)
- Decree establishing the bylaw of BGK (11 May 2010)
- Banking Law (29 August 1997)

BGK's experiences in MFF 2007-2013



 In 2007-2013 programming period BGK played various roles in the implementation of financial instruments financed by the ERDF and ESF with total value of approx. EUR 1 bn

JEREMIE scheme implemented in 6 regions

BGK as Manager of Holding Funds (MHF)

Financial engineering scheme under Eastern Poland Development OP

BGK as Manager of Holding Fund (MHF)

Technology Credit Fund under OP Innovative Economy

Implementing Agency

Pilot project for financing social economy entities under Human Capital OP

• BGK as Manager of Holding Fund (MHF)

JESSICA initiative implemented in 3 regions

• BGK as Urban Development Fund (financial intermediary)

Guarantee Fund for innovative SMEs (OP Innovative Economy)

BGK as Manager of Holding Fund (MHF)

JEREMIE scheme: BGK as a Holding Fund Manager



Fund of Funds

Managing Authority

(Self – government of the region)

- Agreement with BGK for managing of financial instruments (as a result of call of proposals procedure)
- Supervision of project's implementation (Investment Council)

BGK

- Creating of financial instruments: parameters and conditions
- Organization of competitions for Financial Intermediaries
- Promotion and information
- Monitoring and control of Financial Intermediaries
- Finance management (including management costs and incentives for Financial Intermediaries

Financial Intermediaries

- Support of SMEs sector giving loans and providing guarantees
- Reporting
- Leverage effect using own private capital

SME





JEREMIE 2007-2013 at BGK



MANAGER OF HOLDING FUND

 Resources from Regional Operational Programmes



July 2009

Wielkopolskie voivodship PLN 501.3 million (€ 119,36 milion)

August 2009

Pomorskie voivodship PLN 287.4 million (€ 68,43 milion)

September 2009

Dolnoslaskie voivodship
PLN 405.7 million (€ 96,60 milion)

September 2009

Lodzkie voivodship

PLN 188.6 million (€ 44,91 milion)

September 2009

Zachodniopomorskie voivodship PLN 280.0 million (€ 66,67 milion)

December 2012

Mazowieckie voivodship

PLN 66.5 million (€ 15,61 milion)

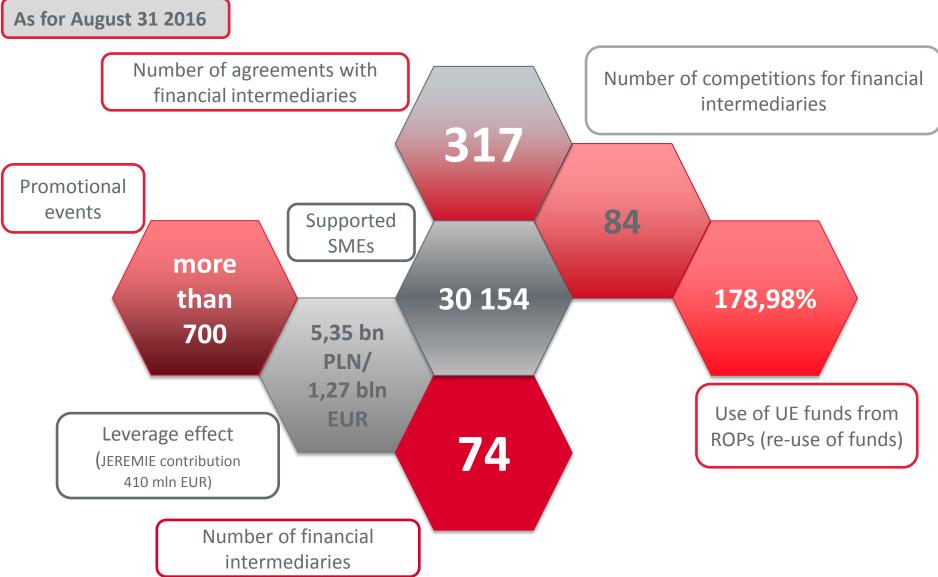
Type of financial products offered and financial intermediaries



- Global loans for loan funds, banks, other financial institutions
- Counter-guarantees for guarantee funds
- Portfolio guarantees for banks (commercial and cooperative), other financial institutions
- Equity Fund for investment funds and asset managers
- Specially streamed products (ex. Loan for innovative SMEs, counter-guarantees for SMEs from less developed areas) – depend on parameters

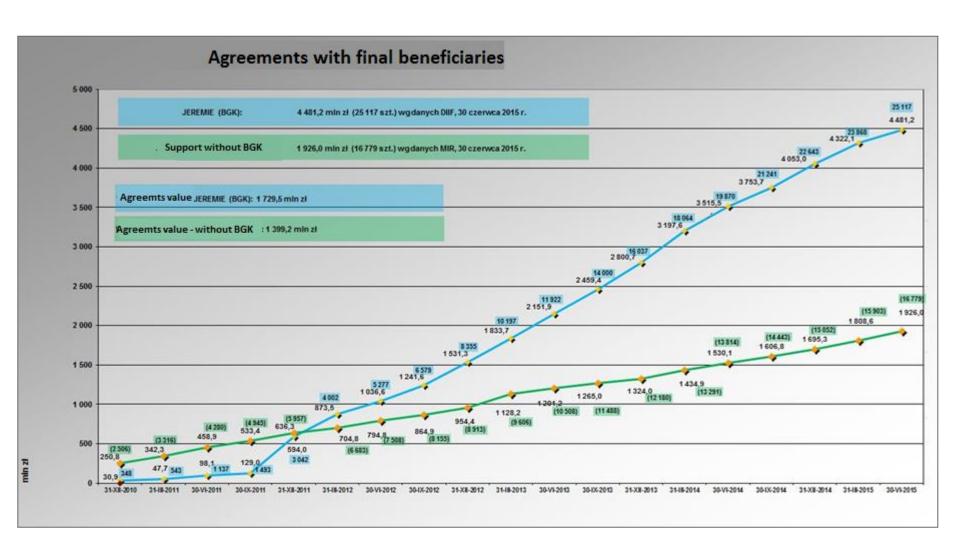
SUCCESS of JEREMIE Programme





Implementation rate





Advantages of JEREMIE Programme (1/2)



In the framework of basic legal frames BGK has created flexible and effective system offering different financial instruments covering needs on the market

Individually adjusted investment strategies

- 6 individual Investment Strategies (for each region, respecting all regional differences)
- based on financial gap analysis for each region, but still less formalised

Targeted allocation of resources

• allocation targeted SMEs incl. start-ups and companies challenged in access to finance

Quick and not overformalized selection of financial intermediaries

• selection of financial intermediaries conducted based on competitive procedures

Advantages of JEREMIE Programme (2/2)



Flexibility

• **option to adapt parameters** of financial instruments when there is no demand from the market

Incentives

• system of **financial incentives and sanctions** for financial intermediaries

Synergy effect

• coming from implementing 6 regional projects and 1 for Eastern Poland – lower costs of MHF, not exceeding 0,5% of total allocation

Revolving nature

• mechanism ensuring **more effective use of public resources** – enabling to support many more beneficiaries

BGK as a Manager of Holding Fund under ESF



 BGK has successfully implemented a pilot project for financing social economy entities under Human Capital Operational Programme 2007-2013

33 mln PLN/7,5 mln EUR – total budget

- Loans for social economy entities in Poland
 - creating a special instruments for enterprises which are often excluded from commercial financing (too risky beneficiaries).
- Additionally, BGK is implementing a Governmental Programme for supporting entrepreneurship, which plays a complimentary role
 - loans for unemployed, especially for young people. Implementation is based on similar to JEREMIE scheme, but based on budgetary resources.

2014-2020: Plans and achievements so far



Strengthening the role of BGK in the area of EU funds financial instruments implementation is one of main priorities for BGK

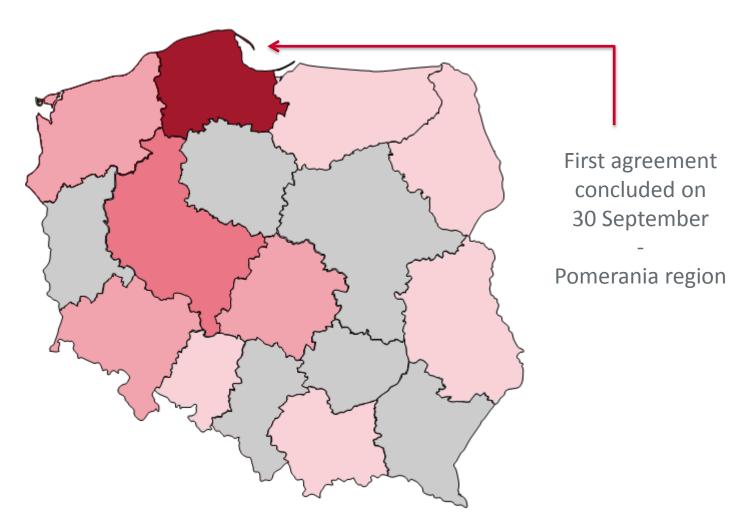
- BGK is preparing itself for financial instruments implementation as a
 Manager of Fund of Funds in every possible area
 - SMEs support, energy efficiency, revitalization, employment etc.

State of play:

- BGK is a Manager of Fund of Funds in PO WER ESF financed programme offering support of social economy entities
 - total budget of 159 mln PLN/38 mln EUR.
- BGK has concluded agreement with Pomorskie (Pomerania) voivodship
 September 30, 2016
 - based on <u>public-public cooperation</u> (article 12 of 2014/24/UE Directive)
- BGK is now negotiating agreements with other regions in Poland.
- Important challenge on the way:
 - EC Guidelines for Member States on the selection of bodies implementing financial instruments issued only in July 2016!

Negotiations progress





Challenges 2014-2020



Regulatory framework

- ✓ CPR and guidelines (11 as for today!)
- ✓ complicated and overregulated for managing of Fund of Funds

Selected issues:

- Selection of financial intermediaries
 - public procurement rules (not flexible rules, very formal) as a principle although article 38 (5) of CPR is much wider,
- Management costs and fees
 - limited in a way that there is a strong need to create a special IT tool to calculate them,
- Ex-ante analises on every stage
 - created demand for ex-ante analises,
- Uncertainty as for combining of financial instruments within EFSI and with EFSI.

There is a strong expectation for more efficient implementation...



Thank you for your attention

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