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EFRAG Sustainability Reporting Board Consultation Survey 2

Fields marked with * are mandatory.



EFRAG Sustainability Reporting Board Consultation Surveys 3A - 3D

Consultation survey structure

- 1. Overall European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS) Exposure Drafts' relevance (Survey 1)
 - 1A. Architecture
 - 1B. Implementation of Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) principles
 - 1C. Exposure Drafts' content
- 2. European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS) implementation prioritisation / phasing-in (S urvey 1)
- 3. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements (Survey 2)
 - 3A. Cross cutting standards
 - 3B Environmental standards
 - 3C Social standards
 - 3D Governance standards

EFRAG Sustainability Reporting Board Consultation Survey 2

Respondent Profile

- 1. Personal details
- * Organisation name

EAPB

* First name
Mahesh
* Surname
Daswani Khiani
* Email (this information will not be published or made public)
mahesh.daswani@eapb.eu
* Country of origin
Belgium
* 2. Type of respondent
Academic / research institution
 Audit firm, assurance provider and/or accounting firm Business association
Consumer organization
ESG reporting initiative
EU Citizen
Financial institution (Bank)
Financial institution (Other financial Market Participant, including pension funds and other asset managers)
Financial institution (Insurance)
National Standard Setter
Non-governmental organisation
Non-financial corporation with securities listed on EU regulated markets
Non-financial corporation with securities listed outside EU regulated markets
Public authority/regulator/supervisor
Rating agency and analysts
Trade unions or other workers representatives
Unlisted non-financial corporations
Other
* 3. Size
Micro (1 to 9 employees)
Small (10 to 49 employees)
Medium (50 to 249 employees)
Large (250 or more employees)
Not relevant
* 4. User/Preparer perspective

User

2

0	Preparer
	Both
	Neither

*5. Subject to CSRD

Separate non-financial corps subject to CSRD from those not subject to CSRD?

- Yes
- O No

3A. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements - Cross cutting standards (1/2)

For the purpose of the questions included in this section, respondents are encouraged to consider the following:

- when sharing comments on a given Disclosure Requirement, and as much as possible, reference to the specific paragraphs being commented on should be included in the written comments,
- in the question asked, for each ESRS, about the alignment with international sustainability standards, these include but are not limited to the IFRS Sustainability Standards and the Global Reporting Initiative Standards. Other relevant international initiatives may be considered by the respondents.
 When commenting on this particular question, respondents are encouraged to specify which international standards are being referred to.

A complete index of Disclosure Requirements and their corresponding Application Guidance can be found in Appendix I – Navigating the ESRS.

DR 2-GR 1 – General characteristics of the sustainability reporting of the undertaking

The undertaking shall give general information about (i) its sustainability report, and (ii) the structure of its sustainability statement.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to give the necessary context of the sustainability reporting of the undertaking.

Q1: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 1 - General characteristics of the sustainability reporting of the undertaking

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	•	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

F:Duplications should be avoided. Cross-references to other regulatory reports should be allowed.

G: ESRS are far more detailed than international standards

Any comments section: For part A: The information required under DR 2 GR 1 is already covered by ESRS 1 (section 6.1 « Content of the sustainability statements »). Requiring it as part of ESRS 2 would be redundant. To simplify the organisation of the standards, these requirements could only be kept in ESRS 1, this would avoid redundancy without reducing the ambition of the standards. In particular, it should not be required to explain the structure of the document, since it is already standardised.

DR 2-GR 2 - Sector(s) of activity

The undertaking shall provide a description of its significant activities, headcount and revenue. The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to allow an understanding of the distribution of the undertaking's activities by reference to a common sector definition.

Q2: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 2 - Sector(s) of activity

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	•	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

F: Duplications should be avoided. Cross-references to other regulatory reports should be allowed. Any comments section: Parts A and E: The information on the sector(s) of activity is paramount, and should be prioritized at it is the basis to understand, interpret and contextualise sustainability information (example: environmental impacts vary according to the sector, as well as social workforce indicators).

Parts A and E: The information on the sector(s) of activity is paramount, and should be prioritized at it is the basis to understand, interpret and contextualise sustainability information (example: environmental impacts vary according to the sector, as well as social workforce indicators).

Part B: It would be useful to select a key quantitative indicator derived from the financial statement to require the activity breakdown by sector and geographical location.

Key information for the financial sector would be the breakdown of the total asset per type and asset class, geographical exposure, and for corporate exposure sectoral breakdown in particular.

Part G: The DR focuses only on "significant" sector and "significant" country. The involvement in a controversial sector should be transparent.

Another option would be to define significant activities in the context of the double materiality and not restrain them to a criteria based on their contribution to the undertaking's revenue only, as it only reflects the financial materiality. Some activities may have a significant negative or positive societal and environmental impact without contributing a lot to the undertaking's revenue.

Non-financial rating agencies are already investigating sectoral exposition to controversial sectors but seldom present the detailed share those exposure represent. This could be harmful to the reputation of the rated company, a standardised disclosure could clarify this issue.

Lastly, Para. 152 refers to 'total revenue'. AG8 refers to 'relative shares in revenue or equivalent information about volumes for financial institutions'. Both terms ('total revenue' and 'relative shares in revenue' are not used in a bank's financial statement. Hence, we are seeking clarification from EFRAG whether banks can use other measures to replace 'total revenue or relative shares in revenue' as intended in that part of AG8 regarding 'equivalent information about volumes for financial institutions'.

DR 2-GR 3 – Key features of the value chain

The undertaking shall describe its value chain.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of the value chain in which the undertaking operates, from the initial inputs into a product or service, in the upstream supply chain, to its downstream delivery to end-users, including ultimate disposal, recycling or reuse for physical products.

Q3: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 3 – Key features of the value chain

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	•	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	©	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

 $\label{thm:convalue} E: DR on value chains hould be postponed till CSDD Disfinalised and the changes are considered by EFRAG, stakeholders in a consultation and then the EU commission.$

Oncethe EU directive on corporate sustainable due diligence (CSDDD) is adopted,

the ESRS should be made consistent with it. This should also be clarified in the forthcoming sector alst and ards.

Besidestheregularprocurements,

the ESRS should align with CSDDD regarding the definition of the value chain of financial undertakings, limited to:

«...Theactivitiesoftheclientsreceiving[such](the)loan,credit,

andotherfinancialservicesandofothercompaniesbelongingtothesamegroupwhoseactivitiesarelinkedtothecontra ctinDRonvaluechainshouldbepostponedtillCSDDDisfinalisedandthechangesareconsideredbyEFRAG, stakeholdersinaconsultationandthentheEUcommission.

Oncethe EU directive on corporate sustainable due diligence (CSDDD) is adopted,

the ESRS should be made consistent withit. This should also be clarified in the forth coming sector alst and ards.

Besidestheregularprocurements,

the ESRS should align with CSDDD regarding the definition of the value chain of financial undertakings, limited to:

«...Theactivitiesoftheclientsreceiving[such](the)loan,credit,

andotherfinancialservices and of other companies belonging to the same group whose activities are linked to the contractinquestion. The value chain of such regulated financial undertakings does not cover SMEs receiving loan, credit, financing, insurance or reinsurance of such entities». (Article 3 point g)

Data will be indeed very hard to collect from investee companies for financial undertaking son the perimeter currently retained in the ESRS (upstream, downstream, direct and indirect contract ual relationships of the company).

The CSDDD definition of the value chain for financial under taking salso excludes beneficiaries that are households and SMEs. Such definition would allow to clarify reporting obligations for companies.

In any case the applicable perimeter of the value chain should be made more precise in the ESRS.

Furthermore,

obtaininginformationfromundertakingsthatarenotunderthecontrolofthefinancialinstitutionisverydifficult.

Banksprovidefinancialservicestomanydifferentcustomersformanydifferentpurposes.

Thereisnosinglevaluechain, but multiplevaluechains.

Theinformationbankshaveonhowtheircustomerscreatevaluebyusingthefinancingprovidedbybanksislimited.

Thenumber of business partners and customers is enormous.

Furthermore,

financialinstitutionscannotreportontheirvaluechainduringthefirstreportingperiodastheyrelyondatadisclosedbyth eircounterpartiesandbusinesspartnersfortheirowndisclosures. Therefore,

financialinstitutions must be offered a phase-

inperiodtoallowthemtoadapttheirprocessestocollectthenecessaryinformationfromtheirvaluechain. This phase inperiods hould take note of the CSRD's implementation timeline:

•largeundertakingscurrentlysubjecttotheNFRDwillmaketheirinitialsustainability-relateddisclosuresin2025.

Asmanyfinancialinstitutionswillhavetoreportsimultaneously,

theycannotusethedataofthesecounterpartiesintheirvaluechain, asitissimplynotyetavailable.

- ${\color{blue} \bullet} large under takings not subject to the NFRD will publish their initial sustainability reporting in 2026.$
- •listedSMEscanpostponethepublicationoftheirsustainabilityreportinguntil2028.

In light of the principle of proportionality, other counterparties than those listed above (i.e. non-listed SMEs)

should have more time to adapt their processes to produce sustainability information. Without such phase in measures,

financialinstitutionswouldbeforcedtodemandsustainabilityinformationfromcounterpartiesthathaveevenlesscap acityandexperienceinsustainabilityreportingatanearlierstage.

F:Obtaininginformationfromcompanies that are not under their direct control, i.e. formpart of their value chain, is difficult for financial institutions.

Certainlimitations should be introduced regarding the value chain to facilitate the implementation of this disclosure requirement. The ESRS currently lack any such limitations of the value chain.

This directly contradicts the CSDDD proposals, which include certain limit at ions.

The consultation and the completion should be postponed until the CSDDD's finalisation.

Duplicationsshouldbeavoided.Cross-referencestootherregulatoryreportsshouldbeallowed.

Anycommentssection: The requirements in para.

16shouldbemovedtotheAGasexamplesastheyaretoodetailedfortherequiredhigh-

levelpresentationwiththeaimofprovidinganunderstandingofthevaluechain.

Therequirements concerning the value chain should not be prioritised,

astheimplementationnecessitatesimmenseeffortsandpresupposesclarityregardingthedefinitionoftheterm 'valuechain',finalisationoftheCSDDD,aswellasapplicabilityforeverysinglestandardanddisclosurerequirement. Thegranularityindicatedinpara.17shouldnotberequired.Theterms'resources'and'keyresources'(para.16(b)) shouldbeclearlydefinedastheycanbeinterpretedinvariousways(humanresources,investments,etc.).Theterm

'end-users' (para.16(c)) should be clarified with respect to the banking industry within its sector-specific standard.

DR 2-GR 4 – Key drivers of the value creation

The undertaking shall describe how it creates value.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of the key drivers of value creation the undertaking is leveraging to contribute to the overall performance of the value chain it operates in taking account of the respective interests of all stakeholders.

Q4: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 4 – Key drivers of the value creation

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To r
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	©	©	
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	©	©	
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	•	
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: Obtaining data from their customers will be burdensome and expensive for credit institutions. We also consider the assessment of materiality to be burdensome and disproportionate given the lack of clarity of the value chain concept with regards to financial institutions. The CSDDD intends to specifically address the value chain and a corporate's due diligence duties regarding it. Consultation on the reporting requirements should be postponed until the CSDDD's finalisation.

Duplications should be avoided. Cross-references to other regulatory reports should be allowed. Any comments section: We would like to underline that DR 2-GR 4 – Key drivers of the value creation is paramount for investors in the understanding of the understanding 's strategy. However, it should not result in the publication of sensitive information about the company's business model.

Also on AG20: EFRAG should provide illustrative examples on reconciliation with financial data

DR 2-GR 5 – Using approximations on the disclosure in relation to boundary and value chain

Following the principle on boundaries and value chain of ESRS 1 when the undertaking has used peer group information or sector data to approximate missing data due to impracticability, it shall disclose:

- 1. Its basis for preparation for the relevant disclosure and indicators, including the scope for which an approximation has been used; and
- 2. The planned actions to reduce missing data in the future.

Q5: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 5 – Using approximations on the disclosure in relation to boundary and value chain

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	•	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	•

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: Obtaining data from their customers will be burdensome and expensive for credit institutions. We also consider the assessment of materiality to be burdensome and disproportionate given the lack of clarity of the value chain concept with regards to financial institutions. The CSDDD intends to specifically address the value chain and a corporate's due diligence duties regarding it. Consultation on the reporting requirements should be postponed until the CSDDD's finalisation.

Duplications should be avoided. Cross-references to other regulatory reports should be allowed.

Any comment section: On part A, from an investor's perspective, the use of proxies present a very limited interest, as they account for sectorial averages. The data user needs information which are tangible and reliable, not averages. To limit biases on data provided, data preparers should favour actual data rather than proxies, when actual data is not available, proxies should be used to ensure the full coverage of the perimeter. However, preparers should systematically indicate when they report data that are proxies, as required by the ESRS

If data cannot be obtained from third parties, estimates will most likely also not be available and thus do not offer a viable alternative. It must be possible to obtain or develop at least some indicators in order to estimate any data. If third parties are unable to provide any data, it is highly unlikely that such indicators exist or that they could be developed at reasonable costs. Consequently, the estimates would be of little use for the users of sustainability-related information. Reporting entities should be offered a low-level option to refrain from reporting certain data, if their disclosure is either not relevant or if it would be uneconomical. Estimated information will not increase the quality of the sustainability report.

To avoid redundancy with ESRS 1 and facilitate overall readability of the reporting, DR 2 GR 5 of ESRS 2 could be merged with associated paragraphs (section 2.3 in ESRS1, so as to only keep the topic and requirement in a single place).

DR 2-GR 6 – Disclosing on significant estimation uncertainty

Following the principle of estimating under conditions of uncertainty in ESRS 1, the undertaking shall:

- 1. identify metrics it has disclosed that have a significant estimation uncertainty, disclose the sources and nature of the estimation uncertainties and the factors affecting the uncertainties, and
- 2. identify and disclose the sources of significant uncertainty and the factors affecting these sources of uncertainty when explanations of possible effects of a sustainability factor relate to possible future events about which there is significant outcome uncertainty.

Q6: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 6 – Disclosing on significant estimation uncertainty

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	•	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	©	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	©	•	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	©	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: The proposal is similar to accounting requirements, but estimation uncertainties occur more frequently in sustainability-related reporting than in accounting. Additionally, it will be burdensome and expensive to estimate data and document this estimation for the auditor. Moreover, estimated information will not increase the quality of the sustainability report.

F: Duplications should be avoided.

Any comments section: If data cannot be obtained from third parties, estimates will most likely also not be available and thus do not offer a viable alternative. It must be possible to obtain or develop at least some indicators in order to estimate any data. If third parties are unable to provide any data, it is highly unlikely that such indicators exist or that they could be developed at reasonable costs. Consequently, the estimates would be of little use for the users of sustainability-related information. Reporting entities should be offered a low-level option to refrain from reporting certain data, if their disclosure is either not relevant or if it would be uneconomical. Estimated information will not increase the quality of the sustainability report.

To avoid redundancy with ESRS 1 and facilitate overall readability, DR 2 GR6 of ESRS 2 could be merged with associated paragraphs in ESRS1 (4.3), so as to only keep the topic and requirement in one single place.

DR 2-GR 7 – Changes in preparation and presentation

Following the principle on changes in preparation or presentation of ESRS 1, the undertaking shall explain changes in preparation and presentation by disclosing:

- 1. the description of the methodology used for the restatement;
- 2. the difference between the amount reported in the previous period and the revised comparative amount in case of quantitative metrics;
- 3. the reasons for the change in reporting policy; and
- 4. if it is impracticable to adjust comparative information for one or more prior periods, the undertaking shall disclose this fact and the reason why.

Q7: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 7 – Changes in preparation and presentation

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	•	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

F:Duplications should be avoided.

Any comments section: To avoid redundancy with ESRS 1 and facilitate overall readability, DR 2 GR 7 of ESRS 2 could be merged with associated paragraphs (section 4.5) in ESRS1, so as to only keep the topic and requirement in one single place.

DR 2-GR 8 - Prior period errors

Following the principles on errors in ESRS 1, if applicable, the undertaking shall disclose the following for prior period errors:

- 1. the nature of prior period errors;
- 2. for each prior period disclosed, to the extent practicable, the amount of the corrections; and
- 3. if retrospective restatement is impracticable for a particular period, the circumstances that led to the impracticability and a description of how and when the error was corrected.

Q8: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 8 – Prior period errors

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E:Level of detail should be reduced.

Any comments section: To avoid redundancy with ESRS 1 and facilitate overall readability, DR 2 GR 8 of ESRS 2 could be merged with associated paragraphs (section 4.6) in ESRS1, so as to only keep the topic and requirement in one single place.

DR 2-GR 9 – On other sustainability reporting pronouncements

The undertaking shall disclose if it also reports in full or in part in accordance with generally accepted sustainability reporting pronouncements of other standard setting bodies and non-mandatory guidance including sector-specific, in addition to its report prepared according to ESRS. It shall disclose if such reporting is included in its sustainability statements.

Q9: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GR 9 – On other sustainability reporting pronouncements

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	•	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	•	•	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

F: The requirement should be optional.

Any comments section: The requirement should be optional. It could be prioritised, as other reports could be useful for stakeholders during the phase-in period. However, we expect a reduction in the number of other reports once the CSRD is fully implemented

DR 2-GR 10 – General statement of compliance

The undertaking shall provide a statement of compliance with ESRS.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to inform the users about the compliance with ESRS requirements, following mandated disclosure requirements complemented by entity-specific disclosures.

Q10: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR2-GR 10 – General statement of compliance

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	•	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E:The statement is not necessary as it will be subject to a general audit requirement. Duplication with the auditor'

Any comments section: Duplications should be avoided. Statement could be part of the communication between the reporting company and the auditor. Disclosure is not necessary. It seems redundant to require a statement of compliance informing that ESRS requirements were fulfilled in addition to standardising the way information needs to be reported and to requiring a third party verification.

3A. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements - Cross cutting standards (2/2)

DR 2-SBM 1 – Overview of strategy and business model

The undertaking shall provide a concise description of its strategy and business model as a context for its sustainability reporting.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide relevant contextual information necessary to understanding the sustainability reporting of the undertaking. It is therefore a reference point for other disclosure requirements.

Q11: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-SBM 1 – Overview of strategy and business model

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	©	•	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

G: Level of detail is higher. Duplications should be avoided. Cross-references to other regulatory reports should be allowed.

Any comments section:DR 2-SBM 1 could be simplified in terms of wording, without decreasing its ambition.

- Items 35 (a) "a description of the mission of the undertaking" may be omitted since it is already covered in more detail by item 35(b) "an overview of the general strategy and business model(s) of the undertaking" and by DR2 GR 2 to 4 on the presentation of the undertaking's activities and its business model.

DR 2-SBM 2 – Views, interests and expectations of stakeholders

An undertaking shall describe how the views, interests and expectations of its stakeholders inform the undertaking' strategy and business model.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of how stakeholders' views, interests and expectations are considered for the undertaking's decision and evolution of its strategy and business model.

Q12: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-SBM 2 – Views, interests and expectations of stakeholders

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	©	•	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	•	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	•	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: This requirement seems quite far-reaching and would require a lot of extra work and effort for preparers. Moreover, it would likely overwhelm users of sustainability-related information.

Any comments section: For part C: DR 2 SBM 2 requires a summarised description of the key stakeholders' views. Without adding unnecessary burden on the process, it would be useful to clarify what can be accounted for, to avoid a heterogeneous interpretation by companies. For example, do stakeholders need to be consulted? Are the internal experts views sufficient? A clarification could be provided in the associated guidance note through examples

DR 2-SBM 3 – Interaction of impacts and the undertaking' strategy and business model

The undertaking shall describe the interaction between its material impacts and its strategy and business model.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of material impacts on people and the environment and the adaptation of its strategy and business model to such material sustainability impacts.

Q13: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-SBM 3 – Interaction of impacts and the undertaking' strategy and business model

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	©	©	©	•	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	©	©	©	•	0	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: Level of detail should be reduced. It should be possible to omit confidential information. In light of the requirement to ensure completeness of the information, material impacts on people and the environment will be rather difficult to determine for preparers.

Any comments section: In order to facilitate readability and avoid redundancy, DR 2-SBM 3 and DR 2 SBM 4 could be merged without reducing the ambition of the text.

DR 2-SBM 4 – Interaction of risks and opportunities and the undertakings' strategy and business model

The undertaking shall describe the interaction between its material risks and opportunities and its strategy and business model.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of material risks and opportunities related to sustainability matters that originate from or are connected to the undertakings' strategy and business model and the adaptation of its strategy and business model to such material risks and opportunities.

Q14: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-SBM 4 – Interaction of risks and opportunities and the undertakings' strategy and business model

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	0	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E:Level of detail should be reduced. It should be possible to omit confidential information

DR 2-GOV 1 – Roles and responsibilities of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies

The undertaking shall provide a description of the roles and responsibilities of its governance bodies and management levels with regard to sustainability matters.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of the distribution of sustainability-related roles and responsibilities throughout the undertaking's organisation, from its administrative, management and supervisory bodies to its executive and operational levels, the expertise of its governance bodies and management levels on sustainability matters, and the sustainability-related criteria applied for nominating and selecting their members.

Q15: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-GOV 1 – Roles and responsibilities of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	©	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: The disclosure requirements generally lack proportionality, in particular for companies that are not listed or have special governance structure by law. The level of detail should be reduced and duplications should be avoided. Moreover, cross-references to other regulatory reports should be possible. This disclosure requirement should be optional for non-listed companies.

Disseminating governance issues influencing sustainability along with the more comprehensive issues covered by the governance ESRS can be challenging in practice.

F: GOV standards should be moved to sector-specific standards for financial undertakings.

Any comments section: We support this DR. Yet, precisions should be brought on paragraph 52 (b):

- does the list and composition of the committee(s) involved in the definition of the sustainability strategy is only relative to the supervisory board, or does it cover all the sustainability committees including the representatives of the management bodies?

The second option would be too long and tedious to collect, in particular if the name of each member of the committee were to be included.

DR 2-GOV 2 – Information of administrative, management and supervisory bodies about sustainability matters

The undertaking shall describe how its governance bodies are informed about sustainability matters. The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of how governance bodies and management level senior executives are informed about sustainability-related facts, decisions and/or concerns that are within their responsibility sio that they can effectively perform their duties in that respect.

Q16: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2- GOV 2 – Information of administrative, management and supervisory bodies about sustainability matters

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	0	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: The disclosure requirements generally lack proportionality, in particular for companies that are not listed. The level of detail should be reduced, and duplications should be avoided. Moreover, cross-references to other regulatory reports should be possible. This disclosure requirement should be optional for non-listed companies.

Disseminating governance issues influencing sustainability along with the more comprehensive issues covered by the governance ESRS can be challenging in practice.

F: GOV standards should be moved to sector-specific standards for financial undertakings.

DR 2-GOV 3 – Sustainability matters addressed by the undertaking's administrative, management and supervisory bodies

The undertaking shall provide a description of the sustainability matters that were addressed by its administrative, management and supervisory bodies during the reporting period.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide information on whether the administrative, management and supervisory bodies were adequately informed of the material sustainability-related impacts, risks and opportunities arising or developing during the reporting period. Equally what information and matters it actually spent time addressing, and whether it was able to fulfil its roles and responsibilities, as defined in its mandate and described under DR 2-GOV 1.

Q17: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2- GOV 3 – Sustainability matters addressed by the undertaking's administrative, management and supervisory bodies

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: The disclosure requirements generally lack proportionality, in particular for companies that are not listed. The level of detail should be reduced, and duplications should be avoided. Moreover, cross-references to other regulatory reports should be possible. This disclosure requirement should be optional for non-listed companies.

Disseminating governance issues influencing sustainability along with the more comprehensive issues covered by the governance ESRS can be challenging in practice.

Moreover, information discussed by management and supervisory bodies is generally confidential and should thus not be disclosed.

F: GOV standards should be moved to sector-specific standards for financial undertakings
Any comments section: The elements presented to answer DR 2 -GOV 3 may be redundant with those
presented as answers to topical standards and should benefit from cross referencing.

DR 2-GOV 4 – Integration of sustainability strategies and performance in incentive schemes

The undertaking shall provide a description of the integration of sustainability strategies and performance in incentive schemes.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of how members of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies are incentivised to properly manage the undertaking' sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities and, along with other employees, to take steps towards implementing the sustainability strategy of the undertaking.

Q18: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2- GOV 4 – Integration of sustainability strategies and performance in incentive schemes

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	©	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E:The disclosure requirements generally lack proportionality, in particular for companies that are not listed. The level of detail should be reduced, and duplications should be avoided. Moreover, cross-references to other regulatory reports should be possible. It should be possible to omit confidential information. This disclosure requirement should be optional for non-listed companies.

Disseminating governance issues influencing sustainability along with the more comprehensive issues covered by the governance ESRS can be challenging in practice.

F: GOV standards should be moved to sector-specific standards for financial undertakings.

DR 2-GOV 5 - Statement on due diligence

The undertaking shall disclose its general assessment regarding how it embeds the core elements of due diligence.

Q19: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2- GOV 5 – Integration of sustainability strategies and performance in incentive schemes

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:Mapping appears unnecessary and will only increase the administrative burden (unusual in reports). The disclosure requirements generally lack proportionality, in particular for companies that are not listed. Consequently, this disclosure requirement should be optional for non-listed companies.

Disseminating governance issues influencing sustainability along with the more comprehensive issues covered by the governance ESRS can be challenging in practice.

Any comments section: DR 2-GOV 5 should be made consistent with the Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD) once adopted, in order to avoid added burden. Moreover, the requirement concerning the supply chain in order to identify the impact, risks and opportunity of an undertaking should be consistent with CSDDD, which only "include the activities of the clients receiving such loan, credit, and other financial services" (regarding financial undertakings).

DR 2-IRO 1 – Description of the processes to identify material sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall provide a description of its processes to identify its sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities and assess which ones are material.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide information on (i) how the undertaking is organising its identification and assessment and (ii) what is in the scope of its identification and assessment of sustainability matters.

Q20: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-IRO 1 – Description of the processes to identify material sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	©	0	•	0	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	©	0	©	•	0	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: The value chain is included in the ESRS in a too broad and wide way. Financial institutions play a significant role in the economy as a whole and are relevant for almost all producing sectors. As a result, it can be very difficult to detect significant sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities. This issue is particularly urgent for financial institutions due to the nature of their business, wherein the indirect effects of the value chain are more significant than the direct effects of those activities.

Moreover, the effort to conduct a materiality analysis are particularly high for the first reporting period. Consequently, a phase-in period should be introduced. If the report is audited, there is no need for a description of the processes for identifying material sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities. G:Goes beyond international standards. Level of detail should be reduced.

Any comments section: DR 2 IRO 1 does not fully explain how the materiality assessment should be conducted in practice, in particular, it is not clear:

- if minimum criteria should be followed to ensure the analysis of impact materiality,
- if a minimum list of stakeholders should be consulted or if a completely internal process is sufficient,
- To what extent an assessment does indeed corresponds to double materiality and not just financial materiality assessment.

In addition, the DR does not specify minimum topics to be addressed, thus paving the way for heterogenous assessment between companies including within a same activity sector. As guidance, the sectoral list of commonly acknowledged material topics would be most welcome (see for example SASB).

Overall, this DR should be further detailed (or its associated guidance note) as it is key for the overall organisation of the standards and the rebuttable presumption rule.

DR 2-IRO 2 – Outcome of the undertaking's assessment of material sustainability impacts risks and opportunities as identified by reference to and in compliance with sector-agnostic and sector-specific level ESRS

The undertaking shall provide a description of the outcome of its assessment processes by reference to mandatory disclosures under ESRS.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to give a clear statement of sustainability matters, as addressed by all ESRS, that are material for the undertaking, and to give relevant explanations on (i) how the undertaking related to the material impacts, risks and opportunities identified by its assessment, (ii) when the undertaking has or will put in place initiative to modify its strategy and business model, in order to reduce or eliminate the risk or to benefit from the opportunity and/or in order to prevent and mitigate negative material impacts and enhance positive material impacts (see DR 2-SBM3 and 4),

why this was the case and (iii) if and why certain mandatory disclosures are not material under the undertaking' specific facts and circumstances and therefore disclosed as such.

Q21: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-IRO 2 – Outcome of the undertaking's assessment of material sustainability impacts risks and opportunities as identified by reference to and in compliance with sector-agnostic and sector-specific level ESRS

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	0	•	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	0	•	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: The value chain is included in the ESRS in a too broad and wide way. Financial institutions play a significant role in the economy as a whole and are relevant for almost all producing sectors. As a result, it can be very difficult to detect significant sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities. This issue is particularly urgent for financial institutions due to the nature of their business, wherein the indirect effects of the value chain are more significant than the direct effects of those activities.

Moreover, the effort to conduct a materiality analysis are particularly high for the first reporting period. Consequently, a phase-in period should be introduced. If the report is audited, there is no need for a description of the processes for identifying material sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities

Any comments section: Paragraph 77 (a) of DR 2-IRO 2 requires a description of how material sustainability-related risks and opportunities have affected the undertaking's financial performance, position and cashflow. It may not always be possible to accurately quantify this impact, and to isolate it from one sustainability topics to the next.

DR 2-IRO 3 – Outcome of the undertaking's assessment of material sustainability impacts risks and opportunities that are not covered by and ESRS (entity-specific level)

The undertaking shall provide a description of the outcome of its assessment process in relation to material impacts, risks and opportunities that are not addressed under mandatory disclosure and require entity-specific disclosure.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide information (i) about all material impacts, risks and opportunities of the undertaking resulting from the undertaking's specific facts and circumstances for which relevant disclosure requirements do not exist, and (ii) when the undertaking has or will put in place initiatives to modify its strategy and business model, in order to reduce or eliminate the risk or to benefit from the opportunity and/or in order to prevent and mitigate negative material impacts and enhance positive material impacts (see DR 2-SBM 3 and 4), about such impacts, risks and opportunities. For each sustainability matter in the scope of sustainability reporting, the undertaking shall assess which material impacts, risks and opportunities are not covered by ESRS and shall give rise to entity-specific disclosure.

Q22: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR 2-IRO 3 – Outcome of the undertaking's assessment of material sustainability impacts risks and opportunities as identified by reference to and in compliance with sector-agnostic and sector-specific level ESRS

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	•	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	0	•	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	•	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: The value chain is included in the ESRS in a too broad and wide way. Financial institutions play a significant role in the economy as a whole and are relevant for almost all producing sectors. As a result, it can be very difficult to detect significant sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities. This issue is particularly urgent for financial institutions due to the nature of their business, wherein the indirect effects of the value chain are more significant than the direct effects of those activities.

Moreover, the effort to conduct a materiality analysis are particularly high for the first reporting period.

Consequently, a phase-in period should be introduced. If the report is audited, there is no need for a

description of the processes for identifying material sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities. Any comments section: Paragraph 80 (a) requires a description of how material sustainability-related risks and opportunities have affected the undertaking's financial performance, position and cashflow. It may not always be possible to accurately quantify this impact, and to isolate it from one sustainability topics to the next.

3B. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Environmental standards (1/5)

For the purpose of the questions included in this section, respondents are encouraged to consider the following:

- when sharing comments on a given Disclosure Requirement, and as much as possible, reference to the specific paragraphs being commented on should be included in the written comments;
- in the question asked, for each ESRS, about the alignment with international sustainability standards, these include but are not limited to the IFRS Sustainability Standards and the Global Reporting Initiative Standards. Other relevant international initiatives may be considered by the respondents. When commenting on this particular question, respondents are encouraged to specify which international standards are being referred to.

A complete index of Disclosure Requirements and their corresponding Application Guidance can be found in Appendix I – Navigating the ESRS.

DR E1-1 – Transition plan for climate change mitigation

The undertaking shall disclose its plans to ensure that its business model and strategy are compatible with the transition to a climate-neutral economy and with limiting global warming to 1.5 °C in line with the Paris Agreement.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the transition plan of the undertaking and its compatibility with limiting global warming to 1.5°C.

Q23: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-1 – Transition plan for climate change mitigation

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	•	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: In DR e1-1 para. 15(c), the undertaking is required to disclose an explanation of the financial resources supporting the implementation of the transition plan. The requirement to disclose the allocation of a financial institution's financial resources supporting the implementation of the transition plan is a confidential matter and may give competitors a competitive advantage. We propose to remove this requirement.

Generally, this information is hard to verify and assure due to its forward-looking nature. This results in high costs for preparing and documenting the information.

F: For financial institutions, the requirement should be aligned with or cross-reference the EBA ESG-risk disclosures (template 3). Proportionality should apply in a manner similar to the CRR.

G: Closer alignment with GRD-standards should be pursued

any comments section: Financial undertakings should be offered a phase-in period, as they rely on the data of their business partners.

ESRS should explicitly state that they are to be applied by companies that are in scope of the CSRD at EU level. They should not apply directly to companies that are only obliged to report on sustainability by national laws (cf. answers of EU commission on Art. 8 Taxonomy regulation). Particularly paras. 15, 62-64, AG4, AG18, AG35. There could be some misinterpretations if mixing up CapEx plans (Taxonomy Regulation, designed for Taxonomy aligned activities) and action plans (CSRD, designed for all activities and the entire company). All requirements related to turnover KPI, CapEx and OpEx should explicitly refer to non-financial undertakings as irrelevant for financial undertakings. The feedback is located here as there is no consultation question an paras 62-64.

In particular the following DRs should be maintained as much as possible: the transition plan, GHG scope 1, 2, 3, the decarbonation targets, the science-based methodology, and the physical transition risks. We support the integration of a DR on the transition plan for climate change mitigation to contextualize against a 1.5 °C scenario, and the integration of DRs on the 3 scopes of the GhG emissions with gradual implementation.

DR E1-2 – Policies implemented to manage climate change mitigation and adaptation

The undertaking shall disclose its policies related to climate change mitigation and its policies related to climate change adaptation.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking monitors and manages its GHG emissions, climate-related physical and transition risks and opportunities throughout the value chain.

Q24: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-2 – Policies implemented to manage climate change mitigation and adaptation

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	•	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

F: For financial institutions, the requirement should be aligned with or cross-reference the EBA ESG-risk disclosures (template 1). Proportionality should apply in a manner similar to the CRR.

G:High level of detail should be reduced

Any comments section: The reporting requirement in E1-2 para. 16 remains unclear. An explanation of the environmental policy should be considered sufficient.

For part B, we consider the climate adaptation disclosure requirements to be sector specific rather than sector agnostic information, since climate change adaptation is not particularly relevant for the financial industry.

Generally, financial undertakings should be offered a phase-in period, as they rely on the data of their business partners.

Moreover, to ease the common understanding of the adaptation topic by companies and investors, we suggest that

mitigation and adaptation topics should be distinguished by creating a new section dedicated to adaptation policies, targets, action plans and resources, and financial effects from physical risks.

Furthermore, we notice that no indication is given on setting targets on adaptation. Guidance on this topic would be useful.

DR E1-3 – Measurable targets for climate change mitigation and adaptation

The undertaking shall disclose the climate-related targets it has adopted.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the targets the undertaking has adopted to support its climate change mitigation and adaptation policies and address its material climate-related impacts, risks and opportunities.

Q25: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-3 – Measurable targets for climate change mitigation and adaptation

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	•	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: More alignment with the SFDR would be welcome (e.g. annex 1 table 2 indicator 4). For financial institutions, the requirements should also be aligned with the EBA ESG-risk disclosures. Proportionality should apply in a manner similar to the CRR.

g: High level of detail should be reduced.

Any comments section: Financial undertakings should be offered a phase-in period, as they rely on the data of their business partners

Paragraph 24 (b): The standard asks to disclose GHG reduction targets in absolute value and in intensity value only if deemed meaningful. Could the standard allow targets in intensity value if they are translated in terms of absolute emissions (reductions or increases)? Intensity targets are meaningful for the finance sector, e.g. emissions per euro invested. Financed emissions should be clearly specified at least in the financial sector -specific standard.

To ease the common understanding of the adaptation topic by companies and investors, we suggest that mitigation and adaptation topics should be distinguished by creating a new section dedicated to adaptation policies, targets, action plans and resources, and financial effects from physical risks.

Furthermore, we notice that no indication is given on setting targets on adaptation. Guidance on this topic would be useful..

DR E1-4 – Climate change mitigation and adaptation action plans and resources

The undertaking shall disclose its climate change mitigation and adaption action plans and the resources allocated for their implementation.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide transparency on the key actions taken and planned to achieve climate-related targets and to manage GHG emissions, transition and physical risks and opportunities, supporting the understanding of achieved performance improvements and the credibility of the undertaking's policies, strategy and business model with regards to climate change.

Q26: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-4 – Climate change mitigation and adaptation action plans and resources

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	•	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: For financial institutions, the requirements should be aligned with the EBA ESG-risk disclosures (template 1). Proportionality should apply similar to the CRR.

any comments section: Financial undertakings should be offered a phase-in period, as they rely on the data of their business partners.

Furthermore, the standards don't really allow to report on performance with regard to adaptation and resilience, including, but not limited to DR E1-4 on adaptation action plan. Currently the only DR useful to that end is E1-17, but "potential financial effects from (market) opportunities" is a rather narrow way to look at adaptation performance. While for adaptation the indicators cannot be reduced to GHG emissions and/or energy consumption, the standard could arrange for undertakings to report on adaptation performance using a pertinent set of indicators in relation to their sector (water, agriculture, forest, tourism etc), and not restricted to a financial effect, within Requirement E1-17 or another requirement to be introduced in the standard.

To ease the common understanding of the adaptation topic by companies and investors, we suggest that mitigation and adaptation topics should be distinguished by creating a new section dedicated to adaptation policies, targets, action plans and resources, and financial effects from physical risks.

Furthermore, we notice that no indication is given on setting targets on adaptation. Guidance on this topic would be useful.

DR E1-5 – Energy consumption & mix

The undertaking shall provide information on its energy consumption.

The principle to be followed is to provide an understanding of the undertaking's absolute energy consumption, improvement in energy efficiency and share of renewable energy in its overall energy mix.

Q27: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-5 – Energy consumption & mix

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	•	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	•	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

G:High level of deta	il should be reduced.		

DR E1-6 – Energy intensity per net turnover

The undertaking shall provide information on the energy consumption associated with activities in high climate impact sectors per net turnover of these activities.

Q28: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-6 – Energy intensity per net turnover

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Relevance of this requirement for financial undertakings should be evaluated in the sector-specific standard

DR E1-7 - Scope 1 GHG emissions

The undertaking shall disclose its gross Scope 1 GHG emissions in metric tons of CO2 equivalent.

Q29: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-7 – Scope 1 GHG emissions

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	•	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

We fully support the integration of a DR on the 3 scopes of the GhG emissions but with phase in for scope 3

DR E1-8 - Scope 2 GHG emissions

The undertaking shall disclose its gross indirect energy Scope 2 GHG emissions in metric tons of CO2 equivalent.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the indirect impacts on climate change caused by the undertaking's consumed energy whether externally purchased or acquired.

Q30: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-8 – Scope 2 GHG emissions

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	©	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	•	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	©	•	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

We fully support the integration of a DR on the 3 scopes of the GhG emissions but with phase in for scope 3.

DR E1-9 - Scope 3 GHG emissions

The undertaking shall disclose its gross indirect Scope 3 GHG emissions in metric tons of CO2 equivalent. The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the GHG emissions that occur in the undertaking's value chain beyond its Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions. For many undertakings Scope 3 GHG emissions are the main component of the GHG inventory and an important driver of their transition risks.

Q31: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-9 – Scope 3 GHG emissions

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: Breakdown in accordance with para. 46 would overburden undertakings and should not be required. f: For financial institutions, the requirements should be aligned with or cross-reference the EBA ESG-risk disclosures (template 1). Proportionality should apply in a manner similar to the CRR. any comments section: We support the integration of a DR on the 3 scopes of the GhG emissions. However, please compare to SEC-consultation, where scope 3 emissions are excluded from audit requirements. In our view, a comparable and common methodology as well as respective guidance is needed for the efficient disclosure of scope 3 GHG emissions. For financial institutions, disclosures on scope 3 emissions (i.e. financed emissions) are particularly challenging even regarding large customers at this point in time. It is nearly impossible regarding SMEs. Financial undertakings should thus be offered a longer phase-in period and further clarifications should be provided in the sector-specific standard.

DR E1-10 - Total GHG emissions

The undertaking shall disclose its total GHG emissions in metric tons of CO2 equivalent.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an overall understanding of the undertaking's GHG emissions and whether they occur from its own operations or the value chain. The disclosure is a prerequisite for measuring progress towards reducing GHG emissions in accordance with the undertaking's climate-related targets and EU policy goals as well as for the assessment of the undertaking's transition risks.

Q32: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-10 – Total GHG emissions

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E:E10 and E11 could be combined. Burden results from E1-9.

Compare with SEC consultation, which excludes scope 3 emissions from the audit requirements. In our view, a comparable and common methodology as well as respective guidance is needed for the efficient disclosure of scope 3 GHG emissions. For financial institutions, disclosures on scope 3 emissions (i.e. financed emissions) are particularly challenging even regarding large customers at this point in time. It is nearly impossible regarding SMEs.

3B. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Environmental standards (2/5)

DR E1-11 – GHG intensity per net turnover

The undertaking shall disclose its total GHG emissions per net turnover.

Q33: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-11 – GHG intensity per net turnover

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Financial undertakings should be offered a phase-in period and clarifications should be provided in the sector-specific standard.

DR E1-12 - GHG removals in own operations and the value chain

The undertaking shall disclose GHG removals from own operations and the upstream and downstream value chain in metric tons of CO2 equivalent.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide in a comparable manner transparency on actions to permanently remove or actively support the removal of GHG from the atmosphere.

Q34: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-12 – GHG removals in own operations and the value chain

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	•	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	•	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: Financial institutions can only disclose GHG removals in their own business operations. Disclosures concerning the upstream and downstream value chain are not feasible. Insofar as the requirement is maintained, financial undertakings should be offered a longer phase-in period.

g: GRI includes removal of GHG as a type of emission reduction. Harmonisation would be welcome. any comments section; Using GHG offsets to reduce CO2 emissions, which are called 'sinks' in the European Climate Act / regulation (EU) 202171119, should also be an option to achieve the target (in line with the European Climate Change Act and the ISSB proposal). Sinks include natural and technological solutions as reported in the EU's greenhouse gas inventories submitted to the UNFCCC. The European Climate Change Act emphasises the importance of GHG offsets or sinks not only for climate neutrality by 2050, but also for the gradual reduction of GHG until 2030 (reduction of emissions by at least 55% compared to 1990 levels). The EU also considers sinks to be essential for the transition process of the Union. Restoring ecosystems would help to conserve, manage and enhance natural sinks and promote biodiversity while combatting climate change.

It would be inconsistent with the EU Climate Change Act, if reporting on targets and net emissions are not reflected equally in the disclosure requirements. Use of GHG offsets should be permitted, if it is presented transparently and if the GHG offsets are credible and objectively verified. Transparent presentation can be achieved by presenting the planned and achieved emissions both before and after the offset measure (gross vs. net emissions). Credibility can be achieved through objectively verifiable evidence, such as retired CO2 emission certificates or through certifications. In this respect, both gross and net emissions as well as the associated emission targets should be disclosed (must be possible included within machine-readable ESEF).

Acquiring and setting aside emission certificates can effectively and efficiently prevent future emissions. Furthermore, storing or binding CO2 in rewetted peatlands (CO2 sinks) effectively reduces net emissions. Considering that this supports climate protection, it would be consistent and logical to report these activities in the target achievement for net emissions. Otherwise, companies would lack incentives to further reduce net CO2 emissions through compensatory measures. These measures are particularly important as a bridging function during the transition towards a low-carbon economy, which will take considerable time. We therefore reject the idea that only companies with a net zero emissions target should be able to neutralise emissions through offsetting measures within the scope of this target. We as that the following sentence is deleted from para. 24(c): 'the undertaking shall not include GHG removals, carbon credits or avoided emissions as means to achieve these targets'. Instead it should provide that 'the undertaking may additionally include verifiable and avoided emissions as means to achieve its et emission targets. Such targets and offsetting emissions have to be shown separately in addition to the gross emission targets'. Overall, the relevant disclosure requirements on carbon credits, carbon removals and carbon emissions should be summarised under the term carbon offsets as proposed in the ISSB exposure drafts. Furthermore, in order to ensure international comparability and to avoid competitive disadvantages for EU corporates, care should be taken to harmonise the relevant requirements with those if the ISSB.

DR E1-13 – GHG mitigation projects financed through carbon credits

The undertaking shall disclose the amount of GHG emission reductions or removals from climate change mitigation projects outside its value chain it has financed through the purchase of carbon credits.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent and quality of carbon credits the undertaking has purchased from the voluntary market and cancelled in the reporting period.

Q35: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-13 – GHG mitigation projects financed through carbon credits

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	•	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	•	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: Financial institutions can only disclose GHG removals in their own business operations Disclosures concerning the upstream&downstream value chain arent feasible. Insofar as the requirement is maintained financial undertakings should be offered a longer phasein period

g: GRI includes offsets as a type of emission reduction Harmonisation would be welcome any comments section:

We consider the net data on risks to be sufficient, at least for the initial two reporting periods. Inconsistency: optional according to AP1, whereas ESRS E1 and AG consider it obligatory.

Using GHG offsets to reduce CO2 emissions, which are called 'sinks' in the European Climate Act / regulation (EU) 202171119, should also be an option to achieve the target (in line with the European Climate Change Act and the ISSB proposal). Sinks include natural and technological solutions as reported in the EU' s greenhouse gas inventories submitted to the UNFCCC. The European Climate Change Act emphasises the importance of GHG offsets or sinks not only for climate neutrality by 2050, but also for the gradual reduction of GHG until 2030 (reduction of emissions by at least 55% compared to 1990 levels). The EU also considers sinks to be essential for the transition process of the Union. Restoring ecosystems would help to conserve, manage and enhance natural sinks and promote biodiversity while combatting climate change. It would be inconsistent with the EU Climate Change Act, if reporting on targets and net emissions are not reflected equally in the disclosure requirements. Use of GHG offsets should be permitted, if it is presented transparently and if the GHG offsets are credible and objectively verified. Transparent presentation can be achieved by presenting the planned and achieved emissions both before and after the offset measure (gross vs. net emissions). Credibility can be achieved through objectively verifiable evidence, such as retired CO2 emission certificates or through certifications. In this respect, both gross and net emissions as well as the associated emission targets should be disclosed (must be possible included within machine-readable ESEF).

Acquiring and setting aside emission certificates can effectively and efficiently prevent future emissions. Furthermore, storing or binding CO2 in rewetted peatlands (CO2 sinks) effectively reduces net emissions. Considering that this supports climate protection, it would be consistent and logical to report these activities in the target achievement for net emissions. Otherwise, companies would lack incentives to further reduce net CO2 emissions through compensatory measures. These measures are particularly important as a bridging function during the transition towards a low-carbon economy, which will take considerable time. We therefore reject the idea that only companies with a net zero emissions target should be able to neutralise emissions through offsetting measures within the scope of this target. We as that the following sentence is deleted from para. 24(c): 'the undertaking shall not include GHG removals, carbon credits or avoided emissions as means to achieve these targets'. Instead it should provide that 'the undertaking may additionally include verifiable and avoided emissions as means to achieve its et emission targets. Such targets and offsetting emissions have to be shown separately in addition to the gross emission targets'. Overall, the relevant disclosure requirements on carbon credits, carbon removals and carbon emissions should be summarised under the term carbon offsets as proposed in the ISSB exposure drafts. Furthermore, in order to ensure international comparability and to avoid competitive disadvantages for EU corporates, care should be taken to harmonise the relevant requirements with those if the ISSB

(Optional) DR E1-14 - Avoided GHG emissions from products and services

The undertaking may disclose its estimated total avoided GHG emissions from its products and services in metric tons of CO2 equivalent.

The principle to be followed under this optional Disclosure Requirement is to provide transparency on the methodologies used and assumptions made by the undertaking when estimating and communicating about the impacts of their products and services on climate change in comparison to other products and services, or in comparison to a situation where their products and services would not exist, considering that there is currently no generally accepted framework for accounting and reporting on such avoided emissions.

Q36: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-14 – Avoided GHG emissions from products and services

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	•	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	•	•	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E:Disclosure of estimated total avoided GHG emissions from its products and services in metric tons of CO2 equivalent is quite challenging for the banking sector, for SME-exposures not feasible.

ANY COMMENTS SECTION: This requirement should remain optional. The relevance of the value chain is not clear.

DR E1-15 – Potential financial effects from material physical risks

The undertaking shall disclose the estimated potential financial effects from its material physical risks.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how material climate-related physical risks may affect the undertaking's performance and position over the short, medium and long term, considering that those potential future financial effects may not meet at the reporting date the recognition and measurement criteria set for assets and liabilities.

Q37: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-15 – Potential financial effects from material physical risks

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E;Material physical risk over the short-, medium- and long-term should be clarified for financial undertakings in the sector-specific standard. Portfolio maturity should be considered.

F: For financial institutions, the requirement should be aligned with or cross-reference the EBA ESG-risk disclosures (template 5). Proportionality should apply in a manner similar to the CRR.

ANY COMMMETNS SECTION: Quantification currently very challenging. For long-term effects it does not appear possible

DR E1-16 – Potential financial effects from material transition risks

The undertaking shall disclose the estimated potential financial effects from material transition risks.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how material climate-related transition risks may affect the undertaking's performance and position over the short, medium and long-term, considering that those potential future financial effects may not meet at the reporting date the recognition and measurement criteria set for assets and liabilities.

Q38: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-16 – Potential financial effects from material transition risks

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E:For financial institutions, the requirement should be aligned with or cross-reference the EBA ESG-risk disclosure on transition risk. Proportionality should apply in a manner similar to the CRR.

Any comments section: Quantification currently very challenging. For long-term effects it does not appear possible.

(Optional) DR E1-17 – Potential financial effects from climate-related opportunities

The undertaking may disclose its potential financial effects from climate-related opportunities.

The principle to be followed under this optional Disclosure Requirement is to allow users to understand how the undertaking may financially benefit from material climate-related opportunities. The disclosure is complementary to information requested under the Taxonomy Regulation.

Q39: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E1-17 – Potential financial effects from climate-related opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: For financial institutions, the requirement should be aligned with or cross-reference the EBA ESG-risk disclosure (template 10). Proportionality should apply in a manner similar to the CRR. any COMMENTS SECTION: Quantification currently very challenging.

E2-1 – Policies implemented to prevent and control pollution

The undertaking shall disclose its policies related to pollution prevention and control.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking monitors and manages its pollution-related impacts, risks and opportunities.

Q40: Please, rate to what extent do you think E2-1 – Policies implemented to prevent and control pollution

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

DR E2-2 - Measurable targets for pollution

The undertaking shall describe the pollution-related targets it has adopted.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the targets the undertaking has adopted to support its pollution-related policies and address its material related impacts, risks and opportunities.

Q41: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E2-2 – Measurable targets for pollution

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

DR E2-3 – Pollution action plans and resources

The undertaking shall disclose its pollution-related action plans and the resources allocated to their implementation.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide transparency on the key actions taken and planned in order to achieve its pollution-related policy objectives and targets.

Q42: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E2-3 – Pollution action plans and resources

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

3B. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Environmental standards (3/5)

DR E2-4 – Pollution of air, water and soil

The undertaking shall disclose information on a list of pollutants that are generated or used during production processes or that are procured, and that leave its facilities as emissions, as products, or as part of products or services.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide transparency on the emissions that the undertaking generates.

Q43: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E2-4 – Pollution of air, water and soil

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

DR E2-5 – Substances of concern and most harmful substances

The undertaking shall disclose specific information on the substances of concern and most harmful substances that are generated or used during production processes or that are procured, and that leave its facilities as emissions, as products, or as part of products or services.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the impact of the undertaking on health and the environment related to the undertaking's production, use, distribution and commercialisation of substances of concern and most harmful substances, as well as an understanding of the undertaking's exposure towards those substances of concern including risks arising from changes in regulations.

Q44: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E2-5 – Substances of concern and most harmful substances

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	•	•	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	©	•	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirements should be focused on own operations only.

DR E2-6 – Pollution-related incidents and deposit impacts and risks, and financial exposure to the undertaking

The undertaking shall disclose the impact of and its financial exposure to pollution-related incidents and deposits.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how principal pollution-related incidents and deposits may affect the environment and society and/or the undertaking's development, performance and position over the short-, medium- and long-term.

Q45: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E2-6 – Pollution-related incidents and deposit impacts and risks, and financial exposure to the undertaking

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	©	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirements should be focused on own operations only.

DR E2-7 – Financial effects from pollution-related impacts, risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall disclose the financial effects of the risks and opportunities arising from pollutionrelated impacts and dependencies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to an understanding of the effects of risks and opportunities, arising from the undertaking's pollution-related impacts and dependencies, on the undertaking's development, performance and position over the short, medium and long term and therefore on its ability to create enterprise value.

Q46: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E2-7 – Financial effects from pollution-related impacts, risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

DR E3-1 – Policies implemented to manage water and marine resources

The undertaking shall disclose its policies related to water and marine resources2.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking monitors and manages its material water and marine resources impacts, risks and opportunities.

Q47: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E3-1 – Policies implemented to manage water and marine resources

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

Moreover, companies should be asked to communicate the share of their activities that take place in high water stress areas.

DR E3-2 – Measurable targets for water and marine resources

The undertaking shall disclose the water and marine resources-related targets it has adopted.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of the targets the undertaking has adopted to support its water and marine resources policies and address its material related impacts, risks and opportunities.

Q48: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E3-2 – Measurable targets for water and marine resources

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations. Moreover, the value chain to which the indicators and KPIs apply should be defined and aligned with CSDDD after finalisation.

DR E3-3 – Water and marine resources action plans and resources

The undertaking shall disclose its water and marine resources action plans and the resources allocated for their implementation.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide transparency on the key actions take and planned to achieve water and marine resources-related targets and to manage related risks, impacts and opportunities.

Q49: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E3-3 – Water and marine resources action plans and resources

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope

DR E3-4 – Water management performance

The undertaking shall provide information on its water management performance.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of the undertaking's water cycle at entity level and how the undertaking is managing to meet the targets it has set.

Q50: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E3-4 – Water management performance

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

Moreover, the term "emissions to water" should be further defined to specify the list of substances concerned.

DR E3-5 – Water intensity performance

The undertaking may provide information on its water intensity performance.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking is managing to decouple net turnover from the withdrawal, consumption and discharge of water.

Q51: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E3-5 – Water intensity performance

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

It is essential for investors to access raw data here; the data on intensity is secondary and might be computed by data users (investors for instance) by choosing to which financial data they would want to scale it.

DR E3-6 – Marine resources-related performance

The undertaking shall provide information on marine resources-related performance indicators.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking is impacting marine resources and marine waters and how it is managing to meet whichever marine resources-related targets it has set.

Q52: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E3-6 – Marine resources-related performance

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

Regarding the costs/benefits ratio, it is maybe better to focus on freshwater first.

3B. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Environmental standards (4/5)

DR E3-7 – Financial effects from water and marine resources related impacts, risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall disclose its financial effects of material risks and opportunities arising from water and marine resources-related impacts and dependencies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the effects of material risks and opportunities, related to the undertaking's water and marine resources-related impacts and dependencies, on the undertaking's development, performance and position over the short, medium and long term and therefore on its ability to create enterprise value, considering that those potential future financial effects may not meet at the reporting date the recognition criteria set for financial statements.

Q53: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E3-7 – Financial effects from water and marine resources related impacts, risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

Moreover, this DR lacks guidelines and should be completed to assist companies on assumptions, calculation

methodologies and projections. Furthermore, the verifiability of the figures presented will depend on the disclosure made by the companies on their valuation methodologies.

DR E4-1 – Transition plan in line with the targets of no net loss by 2030, net gain from 2030 and full recovery by 2050

The undertaking shall disclose its plans to ensure that its business model and strategy are compatible with the transition to achieve no net loss by 2030, net gain from 2030 and full recovery by 2050.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the transition plan of the undertaking and its compatibility with the preservation and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems in line with the Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework and the EU Biodiversity Strategy for 2030.

Q54: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-1 – Transition plan in line with the targets of no net loss by 2030, net gain from 2030 and full recovery by 2050

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	0	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

In a general manner, EAPB welcomes ESRS E4, that is regarding the disclosure of non-financial undertakings a very robust and exhaustive standard and the different DR should be maintained as much as possible in particular: the targets, the pressure metrics, the financial risks).

Regarding DR E4-1:

- o There is a lack of information on the specificities required for the reporting of such plans; a lack of precisions on the width of the value chain that should be considered in the transition plan. On that point we would recommend optimizing the ratio cost /benefits to prioritize the direct operations and tier 1 upstream stakeholders.
- o In our view this DR will have difficulty to be sector-agnostic as each sector has its own challenges and the action plan to implement depends on these challenges. The timeline, targets and actions to undertake will depend on the activities of the company and are hardly comparable to another company.
- o In terms of prioritization of information, it would be better to prioritize the set-up of the action plan.

DR E4 – AG29 (b) ii : The point (iii) mentioned doesn't seem to exist.

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

DR E4-2 – Policies implemented to manage biodiversity and ecosystems

The undertaking shall disclose its policies related to biodiversity and ecosystems.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking has policies that address prevention, mitigation or remediation of actual or potential adverse impacts and protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems and of how the undertaking monitors and manages its material biodiversity and ecosystems-related impacts and risks and opportunities arising from impacts and dependencies and addresses the strategies of no net loss by 2030, net gain from 2030, and full recovery of biodiversity and ecosystems by 2050.

Q55: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-2 – Policies implemented to manage biodiversity and ecosystems

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: High level of detail should be reduced.

any comments section:

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

- It will be necessary to have a binding and precise definition of the materiality principle and how (with which tools; KPIs..) it can be quantified.
- The term "biodiversity-friendly" should be defined and framed.
- A notion of DNSH on pressure would be welcomed, especially considering the DNSH of the EU Taxonomy does not inform on that level of granularity.
- It could be useful to consider the global interactions between the impacts and risks. For example, companies that have activities in the same area might represent a risk for each other.
- A reporting should be made on the means implemented to extend the coverage (scope) of this study.
- Paragraph 21: Interconnection between climate change and biodiversity: the company should indicate whether its climate policy will lead to greater dependency and/or greater impacts on biodiversity and ecosystems in the future (i.e. greater use of bio-sourced energies or materials).
- Paragraph 21 (a) and (b): The distinction between (a) material biodiversity and ecosystems-related impacts; and (b) its contribution to material biodiversity loss drivers is not very clear and should be defined.
- Paragraph 21 (a): There should not be any possibility to postpone the metric computation. We also warn on the risk of « blackbox » effect considering companies risk to develop their own metrics, models, hypotheses....
- Companies could publish the flows of the products used in inputs (these data are used for diverse models that compute a biodiversity footprint) or environmental pressures in gCO2e, gNox, gSox, km2, PDF. M3.DAY. That might be useful for biodiversity data providers to back test their computing results.

DR E4-3 – Measurable targets for biodiversity and ecosystems

The undertaking shall disclose the biodiversity and ecosystem-related targets it has adopted.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the targets the undertaking has adopted to support its biodiversity and ecosystems policies and address its material related impacts, dependencies, risks and opportunities.

Q56: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-3 – Measurable targets for biodiversity and ecosystems

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: High level of detail should be reduced.

any comments section: Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

DR E4-4 – Biodiversity and ecosystems action plans

The undertaking shall disclose its biodiversity and ecosystems-related actions and action plans and allocation of resources to meet its policy objectives and targets.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide transparency on the key actions taken and planned to achieve biodiversity and ecosystems-related targets and to manage related risks, impacts and opportunities.

Q57: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-4 – Biodiversity and ecosystems action plans

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

- A breakdown by geographic zone will be useful.
- On verifiability, there will be a lack of third-party organization to check on the methodologies and measures
- There is also a lack of uniformity on the measuring tools as no indicator makes consensus on the biodiversity footprint.

DR E4-5 – Pressure metrics

The undertaking shall report pressure metrics.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide information on material impact drivers that unequivocally influence biodiversity, ecosystem services and underlying ecosystems.

Q58: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-5 – Pressure metrics

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

- The metrics of pressure regarding water use or a reference to the ESRS 3 should be added for more readability. The scope of these metrics should be extended over time with the evolution of the biodiversity footprint evaluation models. There is a lack of information on the quantification of two of the environmental pressures that are used in the impact assessment models: Land Use and Invasive species.
- The DR should better consider risk mitigation.
- In terms of prioritization of information, the focus for companies should be to report on the 5 pressures identified by IPBES (see paragraph 46).

DR E4-6 – Impact metrics

The undertaking shall report metrics for material biodiversity and ecosystem-related impacts, either by material geographical locations, and/or by material raw materials.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the progress of the undertaking's towards no net loss and net gain, including how biodiversity offsets may be integrated in this measurement approach.

Q59: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-6 – Impact metrics

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	©	0	©	©	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

DR E4-7 - Response metrics

The undertaking shall disclose response metrics.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking minimises, rehabilitates or restores material impacts on biodiversity and ecosystems in material geographical locations of sites and/or raw materials identified.

Q60: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-7 – Response metrics

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

DR E4-8 – Biodiversity-friendly consumption and production metrics

The undertaking may disclose metrics on its biodiversity-friendly consumption and production.

The principle to be followed under this optional Disclosure Requirement is, if the undertaking so decides, to provide an understanding of its consumption and production that qualifies as being biodiversity-friendly.

Q61: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-8 – Biodiversity-friendly consumption and production metrics

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	©	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	•	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

The requirement should stay optional. Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

The term « biodiversity-friendly consumption » should be defined and framed. The third party certifications deemed scientifically approved should be listed.

E4-9 – Biodiversity offsets

The undertaking may disclose the actions, development and financing of biodiversity and ecosystems mitigation projects (offsets) inside and outside its value chain.

The principle to be followed under this optional Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent and quality of the development; investment and implementation of projects or programmes inside or outside the undertaking's value chain that compensate for any residual, significant adverse impacts on biodiversity that cannot be avoided, reduced or removed, minimised, or restore biodiversity loss inside or outside the undertaking's value chain (also commonly referred to as biodiversity offsets).

Q62: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-9 – Biodiversity offsets

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	©	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	•	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

The requirement should stay optional. Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

Biodiversity offsets just like certifications should be framed and defined to avoid greenwashing. Also, the lack of definition makes it very complicated to verify and establish the real impact of the actions implemented

DR E4-10 – Financial effects from biodiversity-related impacts, risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall disclose its financial effects of risks and opportunities arising from biodiversity-related impacts and dependencies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the effects of risks and opportunities, arising from the undertaking's biodiversity-related impacts and dependencies, on the undertaking's development, performance and position over the short, medium and long term and therefore on its ability to create enterprise value, considering that those potential future financial effects may not meet at the reporting date the recognition criteria set for financial statements.

Q63: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E4-10 – Financial effects from biodiversity-related impacts, risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations

3B. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Environmental standards (5/5)

DR E5-1 – Policies implemented to manage resource use and circular economy

The undertaking shall disclose separately its policies (i) to decouple economic activity from extraction of non-renewable resources and (ii) for regeneration of renewable resources and ecosystems.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the undertaking's ability to transition away from extraction of virgin non-renewable resources and to implement practices that secure and contribute to the regeneration of the stock of renewable resources and the ecosystems they are part of.

Q64: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-1 – Policies implemented to manage resource use and circular economy

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Implementation for the financial sector is extremely challenging. Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

DR E5-2 – Measurable targets for resource use and circular economy

The undertaking shall disclose the resource use and circular economy-related targets it has adopted.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the capacity of the undertaking to meet the policy's objectives of resource use and circular economy.

Q65: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-2 – Measurable targets for resource use and circular economy

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Implementation for the financial sector is extremely challenging. Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

DR E5-3 – Resource use and circular economy action plans

The undertaking shall describe its resource use and circular economy-related action plans and the resources allocated to their implementation.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the measures taken to increase the share of circularity in the flows and to optimise the use of resources supporting the credibility of the undertaking's strategy to develop circular business models fostering the transition to a more circular economy.

Q66: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-3 – Resource use and circular economy action plans

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Implementation for the financial sector is extremely challenging. Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

DR E5-4 – Resources inflows

The undertaking shall provide information on its resources' inflows.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the resource use in the course of the undertaking's own operations, considering separately renewable and non-renewable resources and including transparency on virgin versus non virgin materials and on sustainable versus regenerative source.

Q67: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-4 – Resources inflows

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	©	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations. The term 'resources' is not defined.

DR E5-5 – Resources outflows

The undertaking shall provide information on its resources' outflows.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking is contributing to circular economy by increasing the durability, reparability, upgradability, reusability or recyclability of the products and materials.

Q68: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-5 – Resources outflows

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

DR E5-6 - Waste

The undertaking shall provide information on its wastes.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the undertaking waste management strategy and of the extent to which the undertaking knows how its waste is managed in its own activities.

Q69: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-6 – Waste

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: High level of detail should be reduced any comments section: Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

DR E5-7 – Resource use optimisation

The undertaking shall provide information on its strategy to optimise resource use in creating circular business models.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the intensity of materials and products used by the undertaking and its capability to keep a resource at its highest value.

Q70: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-7 – Resource use optimisation

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations.

DR E5-8 – Circularity support

The undertaking shall provide information on its ability to create partnerships to accelerate the transition from linear to circular economy.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the services and products that contribute to create circular systems initiatives outside its own activities in the value chain.

Q71: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-8 – Circularity support

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope. Requirement should be limited to own operations

DR E5-9 Financial effects from resource use and circular economy-related impacts, risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall disclose its financial effects of material risks and opportunities arising from resource use and circular economy-related impacts and dependencies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the effects of material risks and opportunities, related to the undertaking's resource use and circular economy-related impacts and dependencies, on the undertaking's development, performance and position over the short-, medium- and long-term and therefore on its ability to create enterprise value, considering that those potential future financial effects may not meet at the reporting date the recognition criteria set for financial statements.

Q72: Please, rate to what extent do you think DR E5-9 – Financial effects from resource use and circular economy-related impacts, risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: Existing standards do not cover the requirements any comments section: Phase-in and extended consultation period needed (cf. taxonomy regulation). Please consider moving to the sector-specific standards especially for financial undertakings and providing clarifications on relevance and scope.

3C. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Social standards (1/4)

For the purpose of the questions included in this section, respondents are encouraged to consider the following:

- when sharing comments on a given Disclosure Requirement, and as much as possible, reference to the specific paragraphs being commented on should be included in the written comments,
- in the question asked, for each ESRS, about the alignment with international sustainability standards, these include but are not limited to the IFRS Sustainability Standards and the Global Reporting Initiative Standards. Other relevant international initiatives may be considered by the respondents. When commenting on this particular question, respondents are encouraged to specify which international standards are being referred to.

A complete index of Disclosure Requirements and their corresponding Application Guidance can be found in Appendix I – Navigating the ESRS.

DR S1-1 - Policies relate to own workforce

The undertaking shall state its policies that address the management of its material impacts on own workforce, as well as associated material risks and opportunities; and provide a summary of the content of the policies and how they are communicated.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking has policies that address the identification, assessment, management and/or remediation of material impacts on the undertaking's own workforce specifically, as well as policies that cover impacts, risks and opportunities in one policy. It also aims to provide an understanding of how both the internal organisation, and the workers whose interests they address, are made aware of their existence and content.

Q73: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-1 – Policies relate to own workforce

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	©	•	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	0	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: Cross-references to regulatory reports on remuneration should be allowed.

any comments section; This item requires a detailed description of the contents of all policies on about twenty topics. This is

fastidious and will be harmful to the overall readability of the document. To ease readability, only the identification of the topics covered by the policy with the perimeters covered could be required, with a link towards the policy document itself.

- o The topic « Impacts on its own workforce that may arise from the transition to a climate-neutral economy », which is only considered in appendices (AG8), could be mentioned directly in a DR either ESRS S1 or ESRS E1 on climate).
- o The requirements concerning the undertaking's policy commitment to respect human rights (as required by 18(a)) should be moved to ESRS 2, as this is essential information all undertakings shall publish according to the UNGPs, OECD Guidelines and UNGC (and probably to the future Directive CSDD). Such information cannot be subjected to an undertaking's materiality assessment or rebuttable presumption.
- o There is a lack of consistency between the specific requirements set out in the AG. Some topics require specific disclosure, when other work-related topics are not mentioned or optional

DR S1-2 – Processes for engaging with own workers and workers' representatives about impacts

The undertaking shall explain its general processes for engaging with its own workers and workers' representatives about actual and potential material impacts on its own workforce.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking engages, as part of its ongoing due diligence process, with its own workers and workers' representatives about material, actual and potential, positive and/or negative impacts that do, or may, affect its own workforce.

Q74: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-2 – Processes for engaging with own workers and workers' representatives about impacts

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: The large number of description requirements should be reduced. In order to prevent overburdening requirements, some requirements should be deleted and a phase-in period should be provide for the initial reporting period.

f:Cross-references to regulatory reports on remuneration should be allowed.

g: Disclosure should be less granular and follow a more principle-based approach.

any comments section: Generic requirements concerning reporting on engagement should be consolidated in ESRS 2, in order to

avoid unnecessary duplication of these contents across the skkocial standards, and because this information shall not be subjected to an organization's materiality assessment as it is at the core of the due diligence process. Similarly, this will help reducing the redundancies between all social disclosure requirements.

DR S1-3 – Channels for own workers and workers' representatives to raise concerns

The undertaking shall describe:

- the channels it has in place for own workers and workers' representatives to raise their concerns or needs directly with the undertaking, and / or
- the processes through which the undertaking supports the availability of such channels through the workplace of own workers, and
- how it monitors issues raised and addressed.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the formal means by which the undertaking's own workers and workers' representatives can make their concerns and needs known directly to the undertaking and/or through which the undertaking supports the availability of grievance mechanisms in the workplace of their own workers and workers' representatives, how follow up is done with these own workers and workers' representatives regarding the issues raised, and the effectiveness of these channels.

Q75: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-3 – Channels for own workers and workers' representatives to raise concerns

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	•	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	0	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:The large number of description requirements should be reduced. In order to prevent overburdening requirements, some requirements should be deleted and a phase-in period should be provide for the initial reporting period. For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

Cross-references to mandatory regulatory reports on remuneration should be allowed

f:Cross-references to mandatory regulatory reports on remuneration should be allowed.

g:Definitions should be harmonized and requirements should be streamlined

any comments section: o This disclosure requirement should be moved to ESRS 2, as this is essential information which should

not be subjected to an undertaking's materiality assessment. Grievance mechanisms and consultation (engagement) are one of the pillars of the UNGPs and OECD Guidelines, and are at the core of the due diligence process.

o It would be more appropriate to use the term "grievance mechanism" instead of "channels", to ensure consistency with EU and international frameworks. Consistency with Directive 2019/1937 on the protection of persons who report breaches of Union Law should also be checked, as there are redundancies between this standard and the ESRS.

DR S1-4 - Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall explain any outcome-oriented targets it may have related to:

- 1. Reducing negative impacts on its own workforce; and/or
- 2. Advancing positive impacts on its own workforce; and/or
- 3. Managing material risks and opportunities related to its own workforce.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking is using outcome-oriented targets to drive and measure its progress in addressing its negative impacts and/or advancing positive impacts on its own workforce, and/or in managing material risks and opportunities related to its own workforce.

Q76: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-4 - Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	•	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	0	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: Working conditions for the own workforce of the EU based banking industry are generally very good and well regulated. There should only be a requirement to provide comments in case of unusual circumstances or conditions. Target disclosure should be optional for credit institutions. Otherwise, further clarification is necessary in the sector-specific standards, particularly in terms of proportionality

DR S1-5 – Taking action on material impacts on own workforce and effectiveness of those actions

The undertaking shall explain:

- 1. What action is planned or underway to prevent, mitigate or remedy material negative impacts on its own workforce that are connected to its operations, products or services;
- 2. Any additional initiatives or processes it has in place with the primary purpose of delivering positive impacts for its own workforce; and
- 3. How it assesses the effectiveness of these actions, programmes and processes in delivering outcomes or its own workforce.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the types of processes, initiatives or engagements through which the undertaking:

- 1. Works to prevent, mitigate and remedy material impacts on its own workforce; or
- 2. Seeks to achieve positive impacts for its own workforce, recognizing that in both instances, the ultimate aim is to deliver improved outcomes in workers' lives.

Q77: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-5 – Taking action on material impacts on own workforce and effectiveness of those actions

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

It seems that ESRS AG DR S1-5 lists specific requirements on forced labour, child labour, privacy, training and occupational health and safety, but does live aside some work-related topics, without explaining why.

DR S1-6 - Approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to own workforce

The undertaking shall explain:

- What action is planned or underway to mitigate material risks for the undertaking arising from its impacts and dependencies on its own workers; and
- What action is planned or underway to pursue material opportunities for the undertaking in relation to own workers.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the ways in which the undertaking is addressing material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to its own workforce.

Q78: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-6 - Approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to own workforce

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	•	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	0	•	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	©	0	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:Should be categorised as an optional requirement as it concerns opportunities and mitigating risks. No corresponding requirement exists under the GRI standards.

DR S1-7 – Characteristics of the undertaking's employees

The undertaking shall describe key characteristics of employees in its own workforce.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is, in conjunction with Disclosure Requirement ESRS S1-8, to provide insight into the undertaking's approach to employment, including the scope and nature of impacts arising from its employment practices, to provide contextual information that aids an understanding of the information reported in other disclosures, and to serve as the basis for calculation for quantitative metrics to be disclosed under other Disclosure Requirements in this Standard, in particular on Working Conditions, Equal Opportunities and Other Work-Related Rights.

Q79: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-7 – Characteristics of the undertaking's employees

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- e: Some breakdowns should be optional.
- f: Methodology should be aligned with financial reporting requirements used (IFRS or nGAAP). EBA GL on remuneration and gender pay gap benchmarking should be taken into account.
- any comments section: Paragraph 51.e): Requires a connection between the average number of staff and financial
- information (« most representative number in the financial statements »). As far as financial information is standardized, this interconnection could be specified further: cross referencing, specify the metric targeted of the financial statement...
- o The thresholds for each disclosure requirement differ (e.g. 50 employees for certain country breakdowns, 10% for others). This might be confusing both for the organization reporting and for the people using the reporting afterwards.
- o It could also be pertinent to access the total number of employees by gender.

DR S1-8 – Characteristics of non-employee workers in the undertaking's own workforce

The undertaking shall describe key characteristics of non-employee workers in its own workforce. The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is, in conjunction with Disclosure Requirement S1-7, to provide insight into the undertaking's approach to employment, including the scope and nature of impacts arising from its employment practices, to provide contextual information that aids an understanding of the information reported in other disclosures, and to serve as the basis for calculation for quantitative metrics to be disclosed under other Disclosure Requirements in this Standard, in particular on Working Conditions, Equal Opportunities and Other Work-Related Rights.

Q80: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-8 – Characteristics of non-employee workers in the undertaking's own workforce

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	©	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	•	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	0	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- e: The number of non-employees in the EU banking industry is expected to be quite low. The requirement should be moved to the sector-specific standard
- any comments section: This DR calls for some clarifications on:
- o The date to be chosen to assess the non-employee workers (i.e. workers present from 31 December, over the financial year, over the year of the exercise)
- o The contracts to be considered (in terms of duration).
- o Which should be considered between the worker and the service provided (number of man-days)
- o The counting unit (working days or calendar days).

This DR raises an issue of capacity to collect data for employers on individual contractors and employment agency workers. Considering these workers may not be included in the Human resources management information system (HRIS), employers will have difficulty to access their data, and may not be entitled to ask for it. To allow for preparers of information to collect the necessary data, a transition period could be introduced for DRs related to non-employees.

DR S1-9 – Training and skills development indicators

The undertaking shall disclose the extent to which training and development is provided to its own workforce.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the training and skills development-related activities that have been offered to own workers, within the context of continuous professional growth, to upgrade own workers' skills and facilitate continued employability.

Q81: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-9 – Training and skills development indicators

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	©	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

o Paragraph 57.c): It will be difficult to express the training and skills in FTEs as the number of employees who have undergone training is expressed either in terms of the physical workforce or in the number of trainees. A trainee is defined as an employee who has attended a training course. An employee who has attended 3 different types of training courses represents 3 trainees.

o It would be useful to require a breakdown by gender under Paragraph 57 (a) in order to better understand whether women have the same opportunities as men in terms of mobility or access to senior management roles at work.

DR S1-10 – Coverage of the health and safety management system

The undertaking shall disclose information on the extent to which its own employees are covered by its health and safety management system.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the coverage of the undertaking's management system to prevent harm and promote health amongst the undertaking's employees.

Q82: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-10 – Coverage of the health and safety management system

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: Some information is sensitive in view of the limited permissions to process health data (Article 9 GDPR). any comments section: The term "health and safety management system" should be further clarified, in consistency with the Directive

89/391/EEC and principle 10 of the European Pillar of Social Rights, and in ILO Convention No.155 on Occupational Safety and Health.

Health and safety management systems generally apply to both employees and non-employees whose work or workplace is controlled by the organization (e.g. workers on a construction site). In order to align with established practice, international certifications (e.g. ISO) and other standards (e.g. UNGP, OECD, GRI), both employees and non-employees who work and/or workplace is controlled by the organization could be included within this disclosure requirement

3C. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Social standards (2/4)

DR S1-11 – Performance of the health and safety management system

The undertaking shall disclose the number of incidents associated with work-related injuries, ill health and fatalities of its own workers.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the quality and performance of the established health and safety management system to prevent work-related incidents. The undertaking shall provide the following information to comply with paragraph this Disclosure Requirement:

- the number of fatalities as a result of work-related injuries and work-related ill health;
- the number and rate[1] of recordable work-related injuries;
- the number of cases of recordable work-related ill health; and
- the number of days lost to work-related injuries and fatalities from work-related accidents, work-related ill health and fatalities from ill health.

[1] This information supports the information needs of financial market participants subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 as reflecting an additional indicator related to principal adverse impacts as set out by indicator #2 in Table 3 of Annex 1 of the related Delegated Regulation with regard to disclosure rules on sustainable investments ("Rate of accidents").

Q83: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-11 – Performance of the health and safety management system

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	©	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	•	©	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: Some information is sensitive in view of the limited permissions to process health data (Article 9 GDPR). any comments section:o Data could be disaggregated. For example, the breakdown of injuries and ill health by employees and

non-employees is important to understand, as non-employees are generally not subjected to the same training obligations as employees.

o DR S1-11 could require the number and rate of high-consequence work-related injuries (excluding fatalities). Lost days is essentially a productivity measure and relevant from a financial materiality perspective, however it does not indicate the extent of harm suffered by a worker. From an impact materiality perspective, recovery time would be the criterion to use to understand the severity of an injury.

o As previously stated, this disclosure requirement could apply to both employees and non-employees whose work or workplace is controlled by the organization..

(Optional) DR S1-12 – Working hours

The undertaking shall disclose the percentage of its own workers that exceed 48 hours of work per week over the applicable reference period.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of whether the undertaking respects the thresholds established by the EU and ILO standards on weekly working hours (48 hours per week over a reference period) to protect own workers' physical and mental health and their safety and work-life balance.

Q84: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-12 – Working hours

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- e: Zero disclosure expected, not benefit. If it remains, it should stay an optional requirement.
- f: Working time directive does not allow more than 48 hours of work per week. Thus, no disclosures expected.

DR S1-13 – Work-life balance indicators

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the actual practices amongst the employees to take family-related leave in a gender equitable manner.

Q85: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-13 – Work-life balance indicators

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- e: Banks with own workers located in the EU should be exempted from this requirement as they are in scope of regulations ensuring parental leave rights.
- any comments section: o Paragraph 67: Clarify the term "family-related leaves".
- o Other important data could be the total number of employees that returned to work after parental leave ended that were still employed after their return to work, by gender.

DR S1-14 - Fair remuneration

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of whether all of an undertaking's own workers are earning a fair wage, and, if this is not the case, an understanding of what percentage of own workers are earning less than a fair wage.

Q86: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-14 – Fair remuneration

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	©	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	•	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f:Banks provide mandatory remuneration reports (Art. 450 CRR). Duplication should be avoided. Alternatively, referencing to the CRR-report, without the need for tagging individual data points, should be permitted. The requirement should be moved to the sector-specific reporting standard for credit institutions. any comments section: It is necessary to establish a globally applicable standard for the meaning of 'fair wage', as

the level of fair wage is already subject to different interpretations within Europe. EFRAG would have to present specific criteria on the basis of which a 'fair' wage could be determined.

DR S1-15 – Social security eligibility coverage

The undertaking shall disclose the percentage of its own workers eligible for social security. The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to understand whether there are own workers of the undertaking that are not eligible for social security and, as a result, are especially vulnerable to major social risks.

Q87: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-15 – Social security eligibility coverage

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:Banks with own workers located in the EU should be exempted from this requirement as they are subject to regulations ensuring social security.

DR S1-16 – Pay gap between women and men

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent of any gap in the pay between women and men amongst the undertaking's employees.

Q88: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-16 – Pay gap between women and men

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: The requirements should be aligned with the final pay transparency directive. Phase-in is needed. any comments section: o Paragraph 79: Quantitative information requirements on gender pay gap will be necessary for

complying with SFDR requirements (PAIs), while quantitative data would be more relevant to understand the engagement of the company towards equal pay.

o The ESRS requires reporting gross hourly earnings, however, it would be more relevant to report basic salary and remuneration, which would include bonuses or any kind.

DR S1-17 – Annual total compensation ratio

The undertaking shall disclose the ratio between the compensation of its highest paid individual and the median compensation for its employees.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the level of compensation inequality inside the undertaking, whether wide pay disparities exist and how such disparities have evolved over time.

Q89: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-17 – Annual total compensation ratio

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	•	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	•	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: It should be possible to omit sensitive information.	

DR S1-18 – Discrimination incidents related to equal opportunities

The undertaking shall disclose the number of work-related discrimination incidents, any corrective actions taken during the reporting period and any related material fines or sanctions.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the incidence of work-related discrimination, including sexual and non-sexual harassment, the corrective actions that the undertaking has taken for its own workforce, and any related material fines and sanctions.

Q90: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-18 – Discrimination incidents related to equal opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	©	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	•	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

The information required here should not be such as to prejudice the position of a company in any litigation that may arise. In this case, an exception should be added (similar to the regulation under IAS 37.92).

Paragraph 88(a) and (d) on grievance mechanisms and internal investigation could be included in disclosure requirements S1-3. All the information concerning grievance mechanisms and their treatment should then be moved to ESRS 2.

DR S1-19 – Employment of persons with disabilities

The undertaking shall disclose the percentage of persons with disabilities amongst its own workforce. The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which persons with disabilities are included in an undertaking's workforce, and its composition by gender.

Q91: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-19 – Employment of persons with disabilities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	•	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	•	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:Para. 93(c) should be deleted as it is superfluous. Information can be regularly generated from HR-IT system

any comments section: It is unclear why information concerning gender is relevant in a requirement concerning inclusion

of people with disabilities in the activities of an enterprise.

DR S1-20 – Differences in the provision of benefit to employees with different employment contract types

The undertaking shall disclose information on benefits which are standard for full-time permanent employees but are not provided to employees with temporary, part-time and non-guaranteed hour contracts. The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which certain employees (those with temporary, part-time and/or non-guaranteed hour contracts) do not receive the same benefits as full-time, permanent employees.

Q92: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-20 – Differences in the provision of benefits to employees with different employment contract types

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	•	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	0	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Paragraph 97: International subsidiaries find it very difficult to report information on their foreign workforce. As labour laws differ from one country to another, it will be very difficult to list the differences in benefits

3C. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Social standards (3/4)

DR S1-21 – Grievances and complaints related to other work-related rights

The undertaking shall state the number of grievances and complaints received and resolved relating to workers' other work-related rights.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the undertaking's grievance mechanism or channel. This is the mechanism or channel through which those workers whose other work-related rights are impacted by the undertaking are able to lodge a concern or complaint, and that can provide access to remedy by resolving those complaints. Furthermore, it is to provide an understanding of the number of complaints raised and resolved at National Contact Points for OECD Multinationals.

Q93: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-21 – Grievances and complaints related to other work-related rights

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	•	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- o Reporting the number of grievances does not give information on the effectiveness and meaningfulness of grievance mechanisms. Qualitative data could be added in order to have a comprehensive understanding of such grievance mechanisms. To illustrate this point, a very low number of grievances could imply that few incidents occurred, or that their users do not trust those mechanisms nor their efficiency and decide not to use them.
- o Moreover, grievances and complaints vary in form and processes, depending on the countries of operation, the type of population etc. It can be hard to aggregate data on these points.
- o It would be preferable to focus on the points mentioned in DR S1-3 rather than on the number of grievances and complaints.

DR S1-22 – Collective bargaining coverage

The undertaking shall disclose information on the extent to which the working conditions and terms of employment of its own workforce are determined or influenced by collective bargaining agreements. The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the importance of collective bargaining agreements for its own workforce.

Q94: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-22 – Collective bargaining coverage

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	•	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	•	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:Granularity should be reduced, e.g. deletion of 103c and 104

any comments section: Paragraph 103.c): The term "working conditions and terms of employment" should be understood as under

Article 3 of Council Directive 96/71/EC. This definition should be used as well in the CSRD to ensure consistency across European Regulations.

DR S1-23 - Work stoppages

The undertaking shall disclose the extent of major work stoppages (including both strikes and lockouts) because of disputes between the undertaking and its own workforce.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent of worker disputes and their impact on the undertaking's operations.

Q95: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-23 – Work stoppages

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

ase share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above estions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

DR S1-24 – Social dialogue

The undertaking shall disclose the extent and functioning of social dialogue with workers' representatives of its own workforce.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the institutional prerequisites for social dialogue in the undertaking exist and the extent to which rights to social dialogue are respected in the undertaking's operations, particularly for those which are located in the European Economic Area (EEA).

Q96: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-24 – Social dialogue

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: Number of mandatory disclosure requirements should be reduced. Others could be optional.

DR S1-25 - Identified cases of severe human rights issues and incidents

The undertaking shall disclose the number of severe human rights issues and incidents connected to own workforce which occurred in the reporting year.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which severe human rights issues (e.g. forced labour, human trafficking or child labour) and incidents affecting the undertaking's own workforce through its activities or business relationships occurred in the reporting year.

Q97: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-25 – Identified cases of severe human rights issues and incidents

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: It should be possible to omit sensitive information

any comments section: The human rights violations to be audited and reported here should be specifically listed by EFRAG in order to ensure that all users have a uniform understanding of the content to be reported and in order to ensure comparability.

It would be relevant to clearly define human rights, and then human rights issues and incidents. For instance, in a certain number of companies, incidents concerning collective bargaining, harassment or discrimination could be understood as being a human rights incident. The difference between human rights at work and human rights needs to be clarified in this case.

We believe that this DR requires the disclosure of the number « of severe human rights issues and incidents ». To reduce

margin for interpretation, what should be considered as an « issue » should be defined. Moreover, several DR (S1-3 and S1-21 for examples) consider incidents. For simplification purposes, all requirements could be gathered in S1-3.

DR S1-26 – Privacy at work

The undertaking shall disclose the right to privacy at work for its own workforce.

The principle underlying this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of an undertaking's measures on personal data protection concerning its workforce and the nature and extent of worker surveillance that is conducted.

Q98: Please, rate to what extent do you think S1-26 – Privacy at work

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	©	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

We assume that the workforce surveillance is generally permitted on the basis of European law. Thus, only negative statements can be made here. Para. 116(c) should be deleted.

The statement of no detection of data breaches is unnecessary. Para. 116(b) should be partially deleted in this regard.

DR S2-1 - Policies related to value chain workers

The undertaking shall state its policies that address the management of its material impacts on value chain workers, as well as associated material risks and opportunities; and provide a summary of the content of the policies and how they are communicated.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking has policies that address the identification, assessment, management and/or remediation of material impacts on value chain workers specifically, as well as policies that cover material risks or opportunities related to value chain workers, or policies that cover impacts, risks and opportunities in one policy. It also aims to provide an understanding of how both the internal organisation, and the value chain workers whose interests they address, are made aware of their existence and content.

Q99: Please, rate to what extent do you think S2-1 – Policies related to value chain workers

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- e: Generally, the reporting requirements are immensely detailed and may overwhelm both reporting entities as well as users of sustainability-related data. Moreover, only a fraction of the required data is currently being collected on the basis of the GRI standards. Much of the required data is not yet available. Data collection processes would thus have to be set up and re-initiated in their entirety. Furthermore, certain data points concern sensitive information (both in terms of protection of personal data or in terms of corporate competition). Involved parties should not be subjected to adverse effects.
- f: The reporting requirements outlined in ESRS DR S2-S4 require disclosure on due diligence obligations across a corporate's entire value chain. ESRS S2-S4 indicate that their reporting requirements should be compatible with specific legal frameworks concerning these due diligence obligations, such as the EU's Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD). This compatibility is, in our view, currently not ensured. For now, only an initial proposal by the European Commission exists for the CSDDD, on which other legislative institutions must still be consulted.

Moreover, the CSDDD-proposal includes various obligations and definitions that require further clarification and/or are still subject to negotiations. These include defining the relevant product portfolios of banks – loans, credits and financial services, clarifying that the due diligence obligation only concerns the credit counterparty and not the end customer, and that the due diligence obligation only applies once at the beginning of the credit relationship. The CSDDD is, thus, clearly not finalised, but at a very early stage of negotiations. Including these aspects in the ESRS would preclude those legislative negotiations and circumvent the necessary implementation in the Member States.

As a result, we consider the social pillar of the ESRS to be ill-timed and lacking in terms of comparability, applicability, and legal certainty. The social pillar of the ESRS should instead be postponed until the specific legislative frameworks addressing these aspects are finalised. Correspondingly, the consultation of those aspects and standards should also be postponed to a later point in time; consultations should now focus on general sustainability-related standards and climate-related standards. This would allow corporates in scope to implement the due diligence requirements properly and implement the associated reporting obligations alongside these processes. Additionally, it would eliminate the requirement for ESRS adjustments once the CSDDD is finalised.

Insofar as all sector-agnostic EFRAG standards must be brought towards publication without regard to these above ambiguities (CSDDD), we advocate that banks should be exempted from ESRS S2-S4. Instead the matters should be addressed in the sector-specific standards

DR S2-2 - Processes for engaging with value chain workers about impacts

The undertaking shall explain its general processes for engaging with value chain workers and their representatives about actual and potential material impacts on them.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking engages, as part of its ongoing due diligence process, with value chain workers and related

trade union and worker representatives about material actual and potential positive and/or negative impacts that do or may affect them, and whether and how perspectives of value chain workers are taken into account in the decision-making processes of the undertaking.

Q100: Please, rate to what extent do you think S2-2 – Processes for engaging with value chain workers about impacts

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	©	©	©	0	•
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	•
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	©	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:Generally, the reporting requirements are immensely detailed and may overwhelm both reporting entities as well as users of sustainability-related data. Moreover, only a fraction of the required data is currently being collected on the basis of the GRI standards. Much of the required data is not yet available. Data collection processes would thus have to be set up and re-initiated in their entirety. Furthermore, certain data points concern sensitive information (both in terms of protection of personal data or in terms of corporate competition). Involved parties should not be subjected to adverse effects. For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

The reporting requirements outlined in ESRS DR S2-S4 require disclosure on due diligence obligations across a corporate's entire value chain. ESRS S2-S4 indicate that their reporting requirements should be compatible with specific legal frameworks concerning these due diligence obligations, such as the EU's Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD). This compatibility is, in our view, currently not ensured. For now, only an initial proposal by the European Commission exists for the CSDDD, on which other legislative institutions must still be consulted.

Moreover, the CSDDD-proposal includes various obligations and definitions that require further clarification and/or are still subject to negotiations. These include defining the relevant product portfolios of banks – loans, credits and financial services, clarifying that the due diligence obligation only concerns the credit counterparty and not the end customer, and that the due diligence obligation only applies once at the beginning of the credit relationship. The CSDDD is, thus, clearly not finalised, but at a very early stage of negotiations. Including these aspects in the ESRS would preclude those legislative negotiations and circumvent the necessary implementation in the Member States.

As a result, we consider the social pillar of the ESRS to be ill-timed and lacking in terms of comparability, applicability, and legal certainty. The social pillar of the ESRS should instead be postponed until the specific legislative frameworks addressing these aspects are finalised. Correspondingly, the consultation of those aspects and standards should also be postponed to a later point in time; consultations should now focus on general sustainability-related standards and climate-related standards. This would allow corporates in scope to implement the due diligence requirements properly and implement the associated reporting obligations alongside these processes. Additionally, it would eliminate the requirement for ESRS adjustments once the CSDDD is finalised.

Insofar as all sector-agnostic EFRAG standards must be brought towards publication without regard to these above ambiguities (CSDDD), we advocate that banks should be exempted from ESRS S2-S4. Instead the matters should be addressed in the sector-specific standards

DR S2-3 – Channels for value chain workers to raise concerns

The undertaking shall describe:

- 1. the channels it has in place for value chain workers to raise their concerns or needs directly with the undertaking; and/or
- 2. the processes through which the undertaking supports the availability of such channels through the workplace of value chain workers; and
- 3. how it monitors issues raised and addressed.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the formal means by which value chain workers can make their concerns and needs known directly to the undertaking and/or through which the undertaking supports the availability of grievance mechanisms in the workplace of value chain workers, how there is follow up with these workers regarding the issues raised and the effectiveness of these channels.

Q101: Please, rate to what extent do you think S2-3 – Channels for value chain workers to raise concerns

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	©	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	0	0	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e: Generally, the reporting requirements are immensely detailed and may overwhelm both reporting entities as well as users of sustainability-related data. Moreover, only a fraction of the required data is currently being collected on the basis of the GRI standards. Much of the required data is not yet available. Data collection processes would thus have to be set up and re-initiated in their entirety. Furthermore, certain data points concern sensitive information (both in terms of protection of personal data or in terms of corporate competition). Involved parties should not be subjected to adverse effects. For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

The reporting requirements outlined in ESRS DR S2-S4 require disclosure on due diligence obligations across a corporate's entire value chain. ESRS S2-S4 indicate that their reporting requirements should be compatible with specific legal frameworks concerning these due diligence obligations, such as the EU's Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD). This compatibility is, in our view, currently not ensured. For now, only an initial proposal by the European Commission exists for the CSDDD, on which other legislative institutions must still be consulted.

Moreover, the CSDDD-proposal includes various obligations and definitions that require further clarification and/or are still subject to negotiations. These include defining the relevant product portfolios of banks – loans, credits and financial services, clarifying that the due diligence obligation only concerns the credit counterparty and not the end customer, and that the due diligence obligation only applies once at the beginning of the credit relationship. The CSDDD is, thus, clearly not finalised, but at a very early stage of negotiations. Including these aspects in the ESRS would preclude those legislative negotiations and circumvent the necessary implementation in the Member States.

As a result, we consider the social pillar of the ESRS to be ill-timed and lacking in terms of comparability, applicability, and legal certainty. The social pillar of the ESRS should instead be postponed until the specific legislative frameworks addressing these aspects are finalised. Correspondingly, the consultation of those aspects and standards should also be postponed to a later point in time; consultations should now focus on general sustainability-related standards and climate-related standards. This would allow corporates in scope to implement the due diligence requirements properly and implement the associated reporting obligations alongside these processes. Additionally, it would eliminate the requirement for ESRS adjustments once the CSDDD is finalised.

Insofar as all sector-agnostic EFRAG standards must be brought towards publication without regard to these above ambiguities (CSDDD), we advocate that banks should be exempted from ESRS S2-S4. Instead the matters should be addressed in the sector-specific standards.

DR S2-4 - Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall explain the outcome-oriented targets it may have related to:

- 1. reducing negative impacts on value chain workers; and/or
- 2. advancing positive impacts on value chain workers; and/or
- 3. managing material risks and opportunities related to value chain workers.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking is using outcome-oriented targets to drive and measure its progress in addressing negative impacts, and/or advancing positive impacts, on value chain workers, and/or in managing material risks and opportunities related to value chain workers.

Q102: Please, rate to what extent do you think S2-4 – Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	•	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	©	0	•
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	©	0	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	•

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:Generally, the reporting requirements are immensely detailed and may overwhelm both reporting entities as well as users of sustainability-related data. Moreover, only a fraction of the required data is currently being collected on the basis of the GRI standards. Much of the required data is not yet available. Data collection processes would thus have to be set up and re-initiated in their entirety. Furthermore, certain data points concern sensitive information (both in terms of protection of personal data or in terms of corporate competition). Involved parties should not be subjected to adverse effects.

f:The reporting requirements outlined in ESRS DR S2-S4 require disclosure on due diligence obligations across a corporate's entire value chain. ESRS S2-S4 indicate that their reporting requirements should be compatible with specific legal frameworks concerning these due diligence obligations, such as the EU's Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD). This compatibility is, in our view, currently not ensured. For now, only an initial proposal by the European Commission exists for the CSDDD, on which other legislative institutions must still be consulted.

Moreover, the CSDDD-proposal includes various obligations and definitions that require further clarification and/or are still subject to negotiations. These include defining the relevant product portfolios of banks – loans, credits and financial services, clarifying that the due diligence obligation only concerns the credit counterparty and not the end customer, and that the due diligence obligation only applies once at the beginning of the credit relationship. The CSDDD is, thus, clearly not finalised, but at a very early stage of negotiations. Including these aspects in the ESRS would preclude those legislative negotiations and circumvent the necessary implementation in the Member States.

As a result, we consider the social pillar of the ESRS to be ill-timed and lacking in terms of comparability, applicability, and legal certainty. The social pillar of the ESRS should instead be postponed until the specific legislative frameworks addressing these aspects are finalised. Correspondingly, the consultation of those aspects and standards should also be postponed to a later point in time; consultations should now focus on general sustainability-related standards and climate-related standards. This would allow corporates in scope to implement the due diligence requirements properly and implement the associated reporting obligations alongside these processes. Additionally, it would eliminate the requirement for ESRS adjustments once the CSDDD is finalised.

Insofar as all sector-agnostic EFRAG standards must be brought towards publication without regard to these above ambiguities (CSDDD), we advocate that banks should be exempted from ESRS S2-S4. Instead the matters should be addressed in the sector-specific standards.

3C. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Social standards (4/4)

DR S2-5 - Taking action on material impacts on value chain workers and effectiveness of those actions

The undertaking shall explain:

- 1. what action is planned or underway to prevent, mitigate or remedy material negative impacts on value chain workers that are connected to its operations, products or services;
- 2. any additional initiatives or processes it has in place with the primary purpose of delivering positive impacts for value chain workers; and
- 3. how it assesses the effectiveness of these actions, programmes and processes in delivering intended outcomes for value chain workers.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the types of process, initiative or engagement through which the undertaking (a) works to prevent, mitigate and remedy material impacts on value chain workers, or (b) seeks to achieve positive impacts for value chain workers, recognising that in both instances, the ultimate aim is to deliver improved outcomes in workers' lives.

Q103: Please, rate to what extent do you think S2-5 – Taking action on material impacts on value chain workers and effectiveness of those actions

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	•	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	•	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	©	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	•	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	•
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	•

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to								

DR S2-6 - Approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to value chain workers

The undertaking shall explain:

- 1. what action is planned or underway to mitigate material risks for the undertaking arising from its impacts and dependencies on value chain workers; and
- 2. what action is planned or underway to pursue material opportunities for the undertaking in relation to value chain workers.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the ways in which the undertaking is addressing the material risks and pursuing the material opportunities related to workers in its value chain.

Q104: Please, rate to what extent do you think S2-6 – Approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to value chain workers

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	•	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	•	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	0	0	•
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	•

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to								

DR S3-1 - Policies related to affected communities

The undertaking shall state its policies that address the management of its material impacts on communities, as well as associated material risks and opportunities; and provide a summary of the content of the policies and how they are communicated.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking has policies that address the identification, assessment, management and/or remediation of material impacts on local communities specifically, as well as policies that cover material risks or opportunities related to affected communities, or policies that cover impacts, risks and opportunities in one policy. It also aims to provide an understanding of how both the internal organisation, and the local communities whose interests they address, are made aware of their existence and content.

Q105: Please, rate to what extent do you think S3-1 – Policies related to affected communities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Ple	lease share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above									
que	estions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to									

DR S3-2 – Processes for engaging with affected communities about impacts

The undertaking shall explain its general processes for engaging with affected communities and their representatives about actual and potential material impacts on them.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking engages as part of its ongoing due diligence process with affected communities about material actual and potential positive and/or negative impacts that do or may affect them, and whether and how perspectives of affected communities are taken into account in the decision-making processes of the undertaking.

Q106: Please, rate to what extent do you think S3-2 – Processes for engaging with affected communities about impacts

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to								

DR S3-3 - Channels for affected communities to raise concerns

The undertaking shall describe:

- 1. the channels it has in place for affected communities to raise their concerns or needs directly with the undertaking; and/or
- 2. the processes through which the undertaking supports the availability of such channels by its business relationships; and
- 3. how it monitors issues raised and addressed.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the formal means by which affected communities can make their concerns and needs known directly to the undertaking, and/or through which the undertaking supports the availability of mechanisms by its business relationships, how there is follow up with these communities regarding the issues raised, and the effectiveness of these channels.

Q107: Please, rate to what extent do you think S3-3 – Channels for affected communities to raise concerns

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	©	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	©	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	©	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Plea	ease share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above									
que	stions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to									

DR S3-4 – Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall explain the outcome-oriented targets it may have related to:

- 1. reducing negative impacts on affected communities; and/or
- 2. advancing positive impacts on affected communities; and/or
- 3. managing material risks and opportunities related to affected communities.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking is using outcome-oriented targets to drive and measure progress in addressing negative impacts, and/or advancing positive impacts, on affected communities.

Q108: Please, rate to what extent do you think S3-4 – Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	0	0	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

lease share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above uestions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to						

DR S3-5 – Taking action on material impacts on affected communities and effectiveness of those actions

Q109: Please, rate to what extent do you think S3-5 – Taking action on material impacts on affected communities and effectiveness of those actions

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	0	©	©	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	©	0	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above uestions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to							

DR S3-6 - Approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to affected communities

The undertaking shall explain:

- 1. what action is planned or underway to mitigate material risks for the undertaking arising from its impacts and dependencies on local communities; and
- 2. what action is planned or underway to pursue material opportunities for the undertaking in relation to local communities.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the ways in which the undertaking is addressing the material risks and pursuing the material opportunities related to affected communities.

Q110: Please, rate to what extent do you think S3-6 – Approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to affected communities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	0	©	©	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	©	0	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

ase snare any commer estions, referring explic	33	. ,	3	3

DR S4-1 – Policies related to consumers and end-users

The undertaking shall state its policies that address the management of its material impacts of its products and/or services on consumers and end-users, as well as associated material risks and opportunities; and provide a summary of the content of the policies and how they are communicated.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking has policies that address the identification, assessment, management and/or remediation of impacts on consumers and end-users specifically, as well as policies that cover material risks or opportunities related to consumers and end-users, or policies that cover impacts, risks and opportunities in one policy. It also aims to provide an understanding of how both the internal organisation, and the consumers and end-users whose interests they address, are made aware of their existence and content.

Q111: Please, rate to what extent do you think S4-1 – Policies related to consumers and end-users

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	©	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

comment to

DR S4-2 – Processes for engaging with consumers and end-users about impacts

The undertaking shall explain its general processes for engaging with consumers and end-users and their representatives about actual and potential material impacts on them.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the undertaking engages as part of its ongoing due diligence process with consumers and end-users about material actual and potential positive and/or negative impacts that do or may affect them, and whether and how perspectives of consumers and end-users are taken into account in the decision-making processes of the undertaking.

Q112: Please, rate to what extent do you think S4-2 – Processes for engaging with consumers and end-users about impacts

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	©	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	©	©	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above uestions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to							

DR S4-3 – Channels for consumers and end-users to raise concerns

The undertaking shall describe:

- 1. the channels it has in place for consumers and end-users to raise their concerns/complaints or needs directly with the undertaking; and/or
- 2. the processes through which the undertaking supports the availability of mechanisms by its business relationships; and
- 3. how it monitors issues raised and addressed.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the formal means by which consumers and end-users can make their concerns and needs known directly to the undertaking and/or through which the undertaking supports the availability of mechanisms by its business relationships, how there is follow up with these consumers and end-users regarding the issues raised, and the effectiveness of these channels.

Q113: Please, rate to what extent do you think S4-3 – Channels for consumers and end-users to raise concerns

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	©	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	©	©	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	©	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above uestions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to							

DR S4-4 – Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities

The undertaking shall explain the outcome-oriented targets it may have related to:

- 1. reducing negative impacts on consumers and end-users; and/or
- 2. advancing positive impacts on consumers and end-users; and/or
- 3. managing material risks and opportunities.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the extent to which the undertaking is using outcome-oriented targets to drive and measure progress in addressing negative impacts, and/or advancing positive impacts, on consumers and end-users.

Q114: Please, rate to what extent do you think S4-4 – Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	0	©	0	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

ase share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above estions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

DR S4-5 – Taking action on material impacts on consumers and end-users and effectiveness of those actions

The undertaking shall explain:

- 1. what action is planned or underway to prevent, mitigate or remedy material negative impacts on consumers and end-users who are connected to its operations, products or services;
- 2. any additional initiatives or processes it has in place with the primary purpose of positively contributing to improved social outcomes for consumers and end-users; and
- 3. how it assesses the effectiveness of these actions, programmes and processes in contributing to intended outcomes for consumers and end-users.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the types of process, initiative or engagement through which the undertaking:

- 1. works to prevent, mitigate and remedy material impacts on consumers and end-users, and
- 2. seeks to achieve positive impacts for consumers and end-users, recognising that in both instances, the ultimate aim is to deliver improved outcomes for consumers' and end-users' lives.

Q115: Please, rate to what extent do you think S4-5 – Taking action on material impacts on consumers and end-users and effectiveness of those actions

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	©	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	©	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	•	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to										

DR S4-6 – Approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to consumers and end-users

The undertaking shall explain:

- 1. what action is planned or underway to mitigate material risks for the undertaking arising from its impacts and dependencies on consumers and end-users; and
- 2. what action is planned or underway to pursue material opportunities for the undertaking in relation to consumers and end-users.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the ways in which the undertaking is addressing the material risks and pursuing the material opportunities related to consumers and end-users.

Q116: Please, rate to what extent do you think S4-6 – Approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to consumers and end-users

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	•	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	•	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	•	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	•	©	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

lease share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the abov uestions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to								
	Terring expire	The to the part	The question	you are provid				

3D. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Governance standards (1 /2)

For the purpose of the questions included in this section, respondents are encouraged to consider the following:

- when sharing comments on a given Disclosure Requirement, and as much as possible, reference to the specific paragraphs being commented on should be included in the written comments,
- in the question asked, for each ESRS, about the alignment with international sustainability standards, these include but are not limited to the IFRS Sustainability Standards and the Global Reporting Initiative Standards. Other relevant international initiatives may be considered by the respondents.
 When commenting on this particular question, respondents are encouraged to specify which international standards are being referred to.

A complete index of Disclosure Requirements and their corresponding Application Guidance can be found in Appendix I – Navigating the ESRS.

DR G1-1 - Governance structure and composition

The undertaking shall provide information on its governance structure and composition.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of the structure and composition of the governance and the distribution of roles and responsibilities throughout the undertaking's organisation, from its administrative, management and supervisory bodies to its executive and operational levels.

Q117: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-1 – Governance structure and composition

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	0	0	©
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	0	0	©
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- e: We consider the information requested in the proposed standard G1 to be too detailed. Implementation would incur an immense effort, particularly for smaller institutions
- f:ESRS G1-1 is not compatible with the governance of some banks. In particular, it fails to take specific legal requirements into accounts. This includes:
- a) (formal) independence of members (see para. 14(d)) is not required in some Member States. Therefore, this information should not be required in these cases. The requirement should either be deleted or the qualification 'if applicable' should be added.
- b) It is unclear what use information on the tenure of members is supposed to transport (see para. 14 (e)).

any comments sections: More clarity is needed with respect to para. 13 and AG1: They refer to bodies that are considered 'high-decision making bodies' while they also refer to operational levels. This seems contradictory and should be deleted. Clarifications are needed with respect to what is meant by 'highest-decision making body'.

On DR G 1-1: On verifiability, a transparency requirement regarding the criteria used to assess the administrators' (supervisory board) independency could be introduced.

DR G1-2 – Corporate governance code or policy

The undertaking shall disclose the corporate governance code, policy or practices that determine the function of its administrative, management or supervisory bodies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide information about any legal or regulatory requirements that mandate and influence the design of the governance structure of the undertaking, together with information on aspects implemented that are over and above any relevant legal or regulatory requirements.

Q118: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-2 – Corporate governance code or policy

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Ple	ase share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above
que	estions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

DR G1-3 – Nomination process

The undertaking shall provide information about the nomination and selection processes for its administrative, management and supervisory bodies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide information about the criteria used for selecting and nominating the members of the undertaking's administrative, management and supervisory bodies.

Q119: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-3 – Nomination process

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- f: The proposal for ESRS G1 is not compatible with the governance of some banks. In particular, it fails to take certain legal requirements into account. This includes:
- a) In some institutions, the institution itself has no influence on the selection and appointment of its supervisory body members. Although the nomination process can be described, it cannot be influenced.
- b) (formal) independence of members (see para. 21(b)iii) is not required in some Member States. Therefore, this information should not be required. The requirement should either be deleted or the qualification 'if applicable' should be added.

DR G1-4 – Diversity policy

The undertaking shall provide information on the diversity policy applied in relation to its administrative, management and supervisory bodies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide information about the undertaking's diversity policy to promote a diversified composition of its administrative, management and supervisory bodies. This shall also include the diversity criteria adopted with the associated rationale on their prioritisation, and the mechanism adopted to foster diversity representation.

Q120: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-4 – Diversity policy

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

- e: The proposal for ESRS G1 is not compatible with the governance of some banks. In particular, it fails to take certain legal requirements into account. This includes:
- a) In some institutions, the institution itself has no influence on the selection and appointment of its supervisory body members. Although the nomination process can be described, it cannot be influenced.
- b) The creed / religion of member (see para. 12, AG6) cannot be asked by the employer. Therefore, information thereon cannot be reported.

DR G1-5 – Evaluation process

The undertaking shall describe the process, if any, followed for evaluating the performance of its administrative, management and supervisory bodies in overseeing the management of the undertaking.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide transparency on the process implemented by the undertaking for the evaluation of the performance of its administrative, management and supervisory bodies in supervising the management of the undertaking.

Q121: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-5 – Evaluation process

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

A transparency requirement regarding the criteria considered for the evaluation process (i.e. third party) could be introduced

DR G1-6 – Remuneration policy

The undertaking shall describe the policy used for the remuneration of its administrative, management and supervisory bodies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide information about the undertaking's policy for the remuneration of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies.

Q122: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-6 – Remuneration policy

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Banks disclose mandatory remuneration reports (Art. 450 CRR). Duplication should be prevented. Alternatively, referencing to the CRR-report, without the need for tagging individual data points, should be permitted. The requirement should be moved to the sector-specific standard.

- o Besides the remuneration policy, the remuneration report could be covered to give a comprehensive picture of the remuneration scheme.
- o Further reporting requirements could be added on:

Special remunerations and benefits in kind,

The criteria defined to assess the performance relating to the variable remuneration. Transparency requirements could notably cover (i) the type of the remuneration, (ii) their weight in the total remuneration, (iii) criteria and thresholds set to trigger the remuneration.

Conditions relating to severance package attribution;

On Long Term Incentive Plans, we suggest adding transparency requirement on their processing in case of leave (i.e. would they be pro-rated?)

DR G1-7 – Risk management processes

The undertaking shall provide information on its risk management processes, with regards to risk arising for the undertaking and for the stakeholders.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to inform about the undertaking's risk management processes. This includes an understanding of the supervision and monitoring of risk management by the undertaking's administrative, management and supervisory bodies.

Q123: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-7 – Risk management processes

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	•	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	•	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: Referencing to CRR-disclosures (Part 8) should be allowed for credit institutions.

DR G1-8 – Internal control processes

The undertaking shall provide information on its internal control processes, including in relation to the sustainability reporting process.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to inform about the aspects related to the governance factors that affect the undertaking's internal control processes, including in relation to sustainability reporting. This also includes an understanding of the supervision and monitoring of those processes by the undertaking's administrative, management and supervisory bodies.

Q124: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-8 – Internal control processes

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	©	0	©	•	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	•	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	•	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	•	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

ase share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above estions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

DR G1-9 – Composition of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies

The undertaking shall provide information about the composition of its administrative, supervisory and management bodies.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide information about the diversity of the members of its administrative, management and supervisory bodies and committees.

Q125: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-9 – Composition of the administrative, management and supervisory

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

f: The proposed standard ESRS G1 is not compatible with the governance of certain banks. In particular, it fails to take certain legal requirements into account. For example: In some institutions, there are no 'shareholder-selected members' (see para. 43(a)).

DR G1-10 – Meetings and attendance rate

The undertaking shall provide information about the number of meetings and the attendance rate for its administrative, management and supervisory bodies and committees.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide information about the rate of participation in meetings of the members of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies and committees.

Q126: Please, rate to what extent do you think G1-10 – Composition of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies and committees

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	©	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

e:Reporting on the attendance rate is not foreseen in any other reporting framework and its informative value is not clear. A general remark on sufficient personal or virtual attendance rates and reached quorums appears sufficient.

DR G2-1- Business conduct culture

The undertaking shall disclose its initiatives to establish, develop and promote a business conduct culture.

The principle to be followed under this Disclosure Requirement is to provide an understanding of how the administrative, management and supervisory bodies are involved in forming, monitoring, promoting and assessing the business conduct culture.

Q127: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-1 – Business conduct culture

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	•	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	•	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

Overall, we welcome and support this standard which is a good step for further transparency on business conduct.

However, on para. 17a (business conduct subjects that are taken into consideration and discussed): Information on internal discussion points could be confidential. Therefore, this part of the requirements should be omitted.

DR G2-2 – Policies and targets on business conduct

The undertaking shall provide information about its policies with respect to business conduct matters.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of the undertaking's ability (i) to mitigate any negative impacts and maximise positive impacts related to business conduct throughout its value chain, and (ii) to monitor and manage the related risks.

Q128: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-2 – Policies and targets on business conduct

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	©	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	©	©	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	©	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	©	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: Phase-in period is needed for value chain information.	

3D. Adequacy of Disclosure Requirements – Governance standards (2 /2)

DR G2-3 – Prevention and detection of corruption and bribery

The undertaking shall provide information about its system to prevent and detect, investigate, and respond to allegations or incidents relating to corruption and bribery.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide transparency on the key procedures of the undertaking to prevent and detect, investigate and respond to corruption or bribery-related incidents or allegations.

Q129: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-3 – Prevention and detection of corruption and bribery

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	•	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	•	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	©	©	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	•	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	•	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	•
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	•	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: On para. 24c) and d) (number of corruption and bribery allegations through whistleblowing-channels and number of internal investigations): this information adds little value to a sustainability report, as it refers to mere allegations (which could be unsubstantiated or arbitrary). It would be sufficient, if general remarks on the investigation of corruption or bribery-related allegations are provided.

F: On para. 24c) and d) (number of corruption and bribery allegations through whistleblowing-channels and number of internal investigations): While no personal data should be reported under this requirement, the data would nevertheless be confidential.

Any comments section: The reporting requirements exceed the level of appropriate transparency. As existing obligations regarding money laundering etc. already provide a very comprehensive framework on these matters, the additional reporting requirements under the ESRS would not lead to additional benefits within the financial services sector. The existing regulations, e. g. on money laundering, should be considered sufficient.

DR G2-4 – Anti-competitive behaviour prevention and detection

The undertaking shall provide information about its system to prevent and detect, investigate, and respond to allegations or incidents relating to anti-competitive behaviour.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide transparency on the key procedures of the undertaking to prevent and detect, investigate and respond to allegations or incidents of anti-competitive behaviour.

Q130: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-4 – Anti-competitive behaviour prevention and detection

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	•	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: On para. 29 (number of allegations on anti-competitive behaviour through whistleblowing-channels and number of internal investigations): This information would add little value to a sustainability report and cannot be verified, as it refers to mere allegations. It would be sufficient to provide general remarks on the prevention and investigation of anti-competitive behaviour.

DR G2-5 – Anti-corruption and anti-bribery training

The undertaking shall provide information about any anti-corruption and anti-bribery training programmes offered.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide an understanding of the undertaking's training and educational initiatives to develop and maintain awareness related to anti-corruption or anti-bribery and business conduct within the undertaking as well as in the value chain.

Q131: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-5 - Anti-corruption and anti-bribery training

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	©	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	0	©	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	©	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

F: On para. 32a) and d): While no personal data should be reported under this requirement, the data would nevertheless be confidential. Data on the corruption- / bribery-risk must be accumulated within internal risk analysis that take internal preventative measures into account. These criteria are confidential and should not be disclosed. For reporting requirements under the ESRS, it would be sufficient to provide information on whether all relevant employees are sufficiently trained in these matters.

DR G2-6 – Corruption or bribery events

The undertaking shall provide information on legal proceedings related to corruption or bribery during the reporting period.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide transparency on legal proceedings relating to corruption or bribery incidents during the reporting period and the related outcomes.

Q132: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-6 – Corruption or bribery events

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	•	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	•	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	•	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	•	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	•	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	•	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	•
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	•	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

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Reporting on judgements against the reporting entity is generally possible, though it may be highly burdensome depending on the applicable level of detail. The ESRS must for example recognise, that not all national jurisdictions share similar criminal codes. Corporate criminal liability is for example limited in Germany. Reporting on judgements against employees is however not possible due to the protection of personal information. Prior to the finalisation of a reporting requirement, it must be clarified, whether a reporting entity is permitted to compile such a list under data privacy law.

Reporting on ongoing proceedings (para. 38b) cannot be provided, as no final judgement exists. Moreover, it would provide no meaningful addition in terms of sustainability-related information.

Moreover, certain data necessary for the disclosures will not be available to the reporting entity or their disclosure may be prohibited by the investigating authority. Information on internal investigations and adopted measures is generally confidential. It should be considered sufficient, if the reporting entity provides information on whether final judgements against the reporting entity occurred and whether the reporting entity adopted measures on their basis.

DR G2-7 – Anti-competitive behaviour events

The undertaking shall provide information on any publicly announced investigation into or litigation concerning possible anti-competitive behaviour it is facing during the reporting period.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide transparency on publicly announced investigations into or litigation concerning possible anti-competitive behaviour of the undertaking that are ongoing during the reporting period.

Q133: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-7 – Anti-competitive behaviour events

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	©	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	•	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

ease share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above estions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

DR G2-8 - Beneficial ownership

The undertaking shall provide information about its beneficial owners (as defined in article 3(6) of Directive (EU) 2015/849) and control structure.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide transparency on the individuals who ultimately own or control the undertaking's organisational and control structure, including beneficial owners.

Q134: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-8 – Beneficial ownership

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	0	0	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

A significative threshold could be added.

In addition, the presentation of beneficial owners / controllers should be made consistent with what is already published for other exercises, in particular for listed companies (it could be specified for non-listed companies).

DR G2-9 – Political engagement and lobbying activities

The undertaking shall provide information on its political contributions and lobbying or advocacy activities.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide transparency on the types, purpose and cost of political contributions and lobbying activities of the undertaking during the reporting period.

Q135: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-9 – Political engagement and lobbying activities

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	©	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	0	0	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	©	•	©	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	©	•	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	©	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	©	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	©	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	©	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

E: Data on in-kid contributions and on indirect contributions regarding political and lobbying or advocacy activities (para. 48b and AG17) are difficult to determine and would generate little information value. Any comments section: The requirement should be optional, as it is under the GRI standards.

DR G2-10 – Payment practices

The undertaking shall provide information on the payment practices to support transparency about these practices given the importance of timely cash flows to business partners.

The principle to be followed under this disclosure requirement is to provide insights on the contractual payment terms and the average actual payments.

Q136: Please, rate to what extent do you think G2-10 – Payment practices

	Not at all	To a limited extent with strong reservations	To a large extent with some reservations	Fully	No opinion	Not applicable
A. Requires relevant information about the sustainability matter covered	0	0	0	0	0	0
B. Requires information that is relevant for all sectors (sectoragnostic only information)	•	©	©	0	0	0
C. Can be verified / assured	0	0	0	0	0	0
D. Meets the other objectives of the CSRD in term of quality of information	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Reaches a reasonable cost / benefit balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
F. Is sufficiently consistent with relevant EU policies and other EU legislation	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Is as aligned as possible to international sustainability standards given the CSRD requirements	0	©	©	0	0	0
H. Represent information that must be prioritised in first year of implementation	0	0	0	0	0	0
I. Is well suited to be transformed in a digital reporting taxonomy that will avoid creating misunderstandings or practical complexities	0	0	0	0	0	0

For part F, please specify what existing European sustainability reporting obligation you think the disclosure requirements misses to address adequately

For part G, please explain how you think further alignment could be reached

Please share any comment and suggestion for improvement you might have relating to the above questions, referring explicitly to the part of the question you are providing comment to

The requirement should be moved to the sector-specific standards where it is relevant. For credit institutions, information on payment practices does generally not appear to be material.

Payment delays complicate the financial management of undertakings, especially SMEs1, who rely on predictable flows of cash to operate. According to the relevant EU legislation (Directive 2011/7/EU) a payment is late when the creditor has not received the funds at the expiry of the period negotiated in the contract. And yet, even payments performed within the contractually negotiated period can hide unfair payment practices. Very often businesses accept payment terms longer than they are comfortable with2, as such terms may reflect the one party's power compared to the other, such as by virtue of its size or brand.

Payment delays complicate the financial management of undertakings, especially SMEs[1], who rely on predictable flows of cash to operate. According to the relevant EU legislation (Directive 2011/7/EU) a payment is late when the creditor has not received the funds at the expiry of the period negotiated in the contract. And yet, even payments performed within the contractually negotiated period can hide unfair payment practices. Very often businesses accept payment terms longer than they are comfortable with[2], as such terms may reflect the one party's power compared to the other, such as by virtue of its size or brand.

[1] SMEs (Small and Medium-sized enterprises) are defined according to the Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC https://ec.europa.eu/growth/smes/sme-definition_en [2] According to the Intrum European payment Report 2021, on average 49% of businesses in the EU accepted payment terms longer than they are comfortable with out of fear of losing their customers or damaging business relations.

Q137: do you consider that the indicators in G2-10 (in isolation or jointly) capture the following sufficiently:

	Yes	No	No opinion
the extent to which accounts payable or creditors at period end have been outstanding	0	0	0
the fairness of the undertaking's payment practices	0	0	0

lf no	ot, please provide your rationale and indicate the sector(s) for which you deem add-ons necessary.

	alternative indicators would you propose? Please specify whether your proposal(s) are
of sector-agn	ostic or sector-specific nature.
If you have ar	ny other comments in the form of a document please upload it here
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